The Columbian

—AND—

Bloomsburg Democrat.

Published every Friday morning in the Columbian Building near the [illegible] by

CHARLES B. BROCKWAY,
Editor and Proprietor.

TERMS.—Two dollars a year, payable in advance.

JOB PRINTING of all descriptions executed with neatness and dispatch, on reasonable rates.

The Columbian.

VOLUME III.....NO. 20. BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MAY 14, 1869. COL. DEM.—VOL. XXXIII.....NO. 13.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square, (ten lines or its equivalent in nonpareil type) one or two insertions, $1,50; three insertions, $2,00.

SPACE.	1W.	2W.	3W.	6M.	1Y.
One square	$2,50	$3,00	$4,00	$6,00	$10,00
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BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

STOVES AND TINWARE.

JACOB METZ, dealer in stoves & tinware, Main st., above court house. vl-n43

M. RUPERT, stoves and tinware, Rupert block, Market, west of Market. vl-n43

CLOTHING, &C.

L. LOWENBERG, merchant tailor, Main st., 2d door above American house. vl-n43

W. CHEMBERLIN, wholesale and retail dealer in clothing, etc.; Hartman's building, Main street. vl-n43

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &C.

TOYER BROS., druggists and apothecaries, Brower's block Main st. vl-n43

C. F. LUTZ, druggist and apothecary, Rupert block, Main st., west of Market. vl-n43

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

HENRY SUPPINGER, Watches, Spectacles and Jewelry &c, Main Street near West St. v3n15

LOUIS BERNHARD, watch and clock maker, Main near southeast corner Main and Iron sts. vl-n43

E. SAVAGE, dealer in clocks, watches and jewelry, Main st., just below American house. vl-n43

CATHCART, watch and clock maker, Market st., below Main. vl-n43

BOOTS AND SHOES.

M. BROWN, boot and shoemaker, Main street opposite Court House. vl-n43

SOLLEDER, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, Main st., opposite Episcopal church vl-n43

HENRY KLEIM, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, groceries etc., East Bloomsburg Main st. vl-n43

DAVID BETZ, boot and shoemaker, Main st., below Hartman's store, west of Market street. vl-n43

PROFESSIONAL.

R. EVANS, M. D. surgeon and physician south side Main st., below Market. vl-n43

B. F. Kinney surgeon dentist, teeth extracted without pain. Main st., nearly opposite Episcopal Church. vl-n46

B. M'KELVY, M. D. surgeon and physician north side Main st., below Market. vl-n43

G. RUTTER, M. D. surgeon and Physician, Market st., above Main. vl-n43

B. H. C. HOWER, surgeon dentist, Main st., above court house. vl-n43

B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Office Hartman's building, Main Street. v2-n20

R. IKELER, Attorney-at-Law, Office, 2d floor in Exchange Block, near the "Exchange Hotel." v3n1

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

MS. E. KLINE, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main Street below Market. v1n46

188 LIZZIE BARKLEY, milliner, Ramsey building, Main st. vl-n43

188 A. D. WEBB, fancy goods, notions, books, stationery, Exchange block Main street. vl-n43

PETERMAN, millinery and fancy goods opposite Episcopal church, Main st. vl-n43

188 JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, ladies cloaks and dress patterns, southeast corner Main and west sts. vl-n43

188 M. DERRICKSON, millinery and fancy goods Main st., opposite Court House. vl-n44

188 M. B. FURMAN, milliner, Main st., below Hartman's store, west of Market st. vn43

HE MISSES HARMAN millinery and fancy goods, Main street just below American house. vl-n44

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

LEACOCK, oyster and eating saloon, American House, Main st., Baltzer Leacock superintendent. vl-n45

IDMYER & JACOBY, confectionery, bakery, and oyster saloon, wholesale and retail, Exchange block, Main st. vl-n43

IX & WEBB, confectionery, bakery, and oyster saloon, wholesale and retail, Exchange block vl-n43

XCHANGE HOTEL, by Koons & Clark, Main st., opposite court house. vl-n43

MERICAN HOUSE, by JOHN LEACOCK, Main st., west of Iron street. vl-n43

ORK'S HOTEL, by G. W. MAUGER, east end of Main st. vl-n43

STOHNER, refreshment saloon, Main st., just above court house. vl-n43

OONS & CLARK, refreshment saloon, Exchange hotel. vl-n43

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

JACOBS, Confectionery, groceries etc. Main st., below Iron vl-n46

H. MILLER, dealer in dry goods, groceries, queensware, flour, salt, shoes, notions, etc. Exchange block, Main street, vl-n43

KELVY NEAL & Co., dealers in dry goods, groceries, flour, feed, salt, fish, iron, nails, &c., northeast corner Main and Market st. vl-n43

C. HOWER, hats and caps, boots and shoes, Main st., above Court House. vl-n43

C. MARH, dry goods and notions, southwest corner Main and Iron sts. vl-n43

J. BROWER, dry goods, groceries, etc., corner Main and Court House alley vl-n43

A. BECKLEY, Keystone shoe store, books and stationery, Main st. below Market vl-n43

WILLIAM ERASMUS, confectioneries, Main st., near the railroad. vl-n43

MENDENHALL, general stock of merchandise and lumber, corner of Main street and Berwick road. vl-n43

J. ROBBINS, dealer in dry goods groceries etc. Shive's block, Main st., below Iron vl-n43

K. GRATON, Groceries & Provisions, Main Street below Market vl-n44

P. LUTZ dealer in choice dry goods, Housekeeping goods, fresh groceries, etc., etc. Main opposite court house. v-1n43

K. HYER, groceries and general merchandise Main st., above West. vl-n43

CRAMER & A. E. HAYHURST, Dealers in Groceries, Confectioneries and Notions, Leftown, south side, two doors above Brobst's agonmaker shop.

MISCELLANEOUS.

M. CHRISTMAN, saddle, trunk and harness maker, opposite Episcopal church Main st., v3n15

W. CORELL, furniture rooms, three story brick on Main st., west of Market st. vl-n43

J. THORNTON, wall paper, window shades, and fixtures, Rupert block, Main st. vl-n43

ROSENSTOCK, photographer, Exchange block, Main st., opposite court house. vl-n43

W. SAMPLE & CO. Machinists, East Bloomsburg near railroad. Castings made at short notice -machinery made and repaired. v2-n23

S. KUHN, dealer in meat tallow, etc., Chemberlin's alley, back of American house. vl-n43

J. BIDLEMAN, Agent Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod. v2-n19

B. PURSELL, saddle, trunk and harness maker, Main st., below court, house. vl-n46

FOSTER, Glue Maker, and White and fancy Tanner, Scottown, vl-n47

BLOOMSBURG LUMBER CO., manufacturers and dealers in Lumber, of all kinds, planing mill near the rail-road. vl-n46

WITMAN, marble works, near southwest corner Main and Market sts. vl-n43

H. RINGLER, dealer in pianos, organs and melodeons, at G. W. Corell's furniture rooms vl-n43

W. ROBBINS, liquor dealer second door from northwest corner Main and Iron sts. vl-n43

W. PEACOCK, Notary Public, northeast corner Main and Market st. vl-n43

HN A. FUNSTON, mutual and cash rates fire insurance company, northeast corner Main and Iron st. vl-n43

AMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road. v1*n47

ORANGEVILLE DIRECTORY.

DR. O. A. MEGARGEL, physician and surgeon, Main st., next door to Good's Hotel. vl-n47

BRICK HOTEL and refreshment saloon, by Wm. Masteller cor. of Main and Pine st. v1n47

HARMAN BROTHERS, Tanners and manufacturers of leather, on Main st., below Goods' Hotel. v2-n47

DAVID HERRING, Flour and Grist Mill, and Dealer in grain, Mill Street. vl-n47

BOWER & HERRING, dealer in dry goods, groceries, lumber and general Merchandise Main st. vl-n47

JOHN FRYMIRE, saddle and harness maker Main st., above the Swan Hotel. vl-n47

A. & E. W. COLEMAN, Merchant tailor and Gent's furnishing goods, Main St., next door to the brick hotel. vl-n47

M. S. HAYHURST, Clocks, Watches and Guns repaired. Guns and Watches for sale, Main St., below Pine. vl-n47

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker, and Undertaker. Main St., below Pine. vl-n47

MICHAEL C. KELLER, Confectionery, Oysters &c., &c., on Pine St., between Main and Mill. vl-n47

H. & C. KELCHNER, Blacksmiths, on Mill Street, near Pine. vl-n47

WILLIAM DELONG, Shoemaker and manufacturer of Brick, Mill St., west of Pine vl-n49

LEWIS H. SCHUYLER, Iron founder, Machinist, and Manufacturer of plows, Mill St. vl-n47

MILES A. WILLIAMS & Co., Tanners and Manufacturers of leather, Mill Street. vl-n47

JOHN KELLER, Boot and Shoemaker, Pine Street, opposite the Academy vl-n47

A. B. HERRING & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main Street, below Pine. vl-n47

SAMUEL SHARPLESS, Maker of the Hayhurst Grain Cradle, Main St. v2n5.

J. M. HARMAN, saddle and harness maker Orangeville, opposite Frame church. v12n11

CATAWISSA DIRECTORY.

SUSQUEHANNA or Brick Hotel, S. Kostebander proprietor, south-east corner Main and Second Street. v2-n12

S. D. RINARD, dealer in stoves and tin-ware, Main Street. v2-n12

WM. H. ABBETT, attorney at law, Main Street. v2-n12

GILBERT & KLINE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main Street. v2-n12

L. KEILER, billiard saloon, oysters, and ice cream in season Main Street. v2-n12

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second St., Robbins' Building. v2-n18.

DR. J. K. ROBBINS, Surgeon and Physician, Second St., below Main. v2-n18.

J. B. KISTLER, "Cattawisa House," North West Corner Main and Second Streets. v2-n18.

M. M. BROBST, dealer in General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries &c. v2-n18.

LIGHT STREET DIRECTORY.

PETER ENT, dealer in dry goods, groceries, flour, feed, salt, fish, iron, nails, etc., Light Street. vl-n45

J. TERWILLIGER, Cabinetmaker, Undertaker and Chairmaker. vl-n46

H. F. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above school house. vl-n46

J. W. SANKEY, dealer in Leather, Hides, Bark, etc. Cash paid for Hides. vl-n46

WM. M. ENT, dealer in stoves and tin ware in all its branches. vl-n46

JOHN A. OMAN, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes. vl-n64.

J. J. LEISER, M. D. Surgeon and Physician. Office at Keller's Hotel. v2-n27

A. H. IRVINE, Medical Store Main St. and Briarcreek Road.

ESPY DIRECTORY.

J. D. WERKHEISER, Boot and Shoe Store and manfactory. Shop on Main street, opposite steam Mill. v2-n16

ESPY STEAM FLOURING MILLS, C. S. Fowler, Proprietor. v2-n16

B. F. REIGHARD, & BRO., dealers in dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise. v12n11

T. W. EDGAR, Susquehanna Planing Mill and Box Manufactory. v12n11

BUCKHORN DIRECTORY.

M. G. & W. H. SHOEMAKER, dealers in dry goods, groceries and general merchandise, First store in south end of town. v2-n18.

JACOB & WM. HARRIS, dealers in dry goods, groceries, drugs and medicines. First store in north end of town. v-n18.

JERSEYTOWN DIRECTORY.

JACOB A. SWISHER, dealer in Hides, Leather Bark etc. Madison township Columbia county Pa. vl-n46

BUSINESS CARDS.

JOB PRINTING

Neatly executed at this Office.

M. M. L'VELLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Ashland, Schuylkill County, Penn'a.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office with E. H. Little, in brick building adjoining Post Office. ☞ Bounties, Back-Pay and Pensions collected. [sep29'67.

JOHN G. FREEZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in Register and Recorder's office, in the basement of the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa.

ROBERT F. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office corner of Main and Market streets, over First National Bank, Bloomsburg, Pa.

E. H. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office Court-House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY AT LA
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
☞ OFFICE—Court House Alley, below the Columbian Office. [Jan'67.

W. M. REBER M. D.
Late of the U. S. Navy,
Successor to Drs. Harrison and Wells, has permanently located in Bloomsburg for the practice of Medicine and Surgery. Special attention paid to Surgery. Can always be found, unless professionally engaged at the Exchange Hotel or at his office over Miss. Webb's book store, late Republican Printing office.
Apr. 9, '69-3m

J. B. PURSEL,
HARNESS, SADDLE, AND TRUNK
MANUFACTURER,
and dealer in
CARPET-BAGS, VALISES, FLY-NETS,
BUFFALO ROBES, HORSE-BLANKETS &c.,
which he feels confident he can sell at lower rate than any other person in the country. Examine for yourselves.
Shop first door below the Post Office Main Street, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Nov. 15, 1867.

S. C. COLLINS,
FASHIONABLE
SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING
AND
SHAMPOOING SALOON,
Over Widmayer & Jacoby's Ice Cream Saloon,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Hair Dyeing and Whiskers colored black or brown. Hair Tonic to destroy dandruff and beautifying the hair; will restore hair to its original color without soiling the finest fabric, constantly on hand. [apr12'67.

MACHINERY.

COLUMBIA IRON WORKS.

N. W. SAMPLE & CO.,

CORNER OF MAIN ST. AND L. & B. R. R.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

MACHINISTS, IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS

BLACKSMITHS AND BOILER-MAKERS.

MANUFACTURERS

OF

STEAM ESGINES & WATERWHEELS,

GENERAL MACHINE WORK AND

REPAIRS,

MILL GEARING,

SHAFTING,

PULLEYS,

HANGERS,

HEAD BLOCK,

SAW MILL GEARING

Of all kinds,

CASTINGS FOR FURNACES AND

ROLLING MILLS.

ALSO CAR WHEELS AND AXLES

AND GENERAL MINING CASTINGS.

BRASS CASTINGS OF ALL KINDS,

CAR BOXES,

COMPOSITION CASTINGS,

AND BABBIT METAL

BELFIELD'S CELEBRATED

GLOBE VALVES.

STOP COCKS,

CHECK VALVES,

AIR COCKS,

OIL CUPS,

STEAM WHISTLES,

STEAM GUAGES, STEAM PIPE AND

FITTINGS CONSTANTLY

ON HAND.

BLACKSMITHING,

HEAVY OR LIGHT FORGINGS,

AGENTS FOR SHIVE'S GOVERNOR,

ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE SIMPLEST

AND BEST IN THE WORLD.

REAMERS, TAPS AND DIES,

MADE TO ORDER.

BOLTS AND NUTS OF ALL

SIZES.

ORDERS FOR

BRIDGE BOLTS AND IRONS,

SOLICITED AND ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY

FURNISHED.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

OF THE LATEST IMPROVED PATTERNS.

THRESHING MACHINES,

A SPECIALTY.

BUCKEYE REAPERS REPAIRED,

AND ALL EXTRA PARTS FURNISHED.

MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS OF HORTON'S

PATENT HAY RAKE.

ALL ORDERS EXECUTED WITH

PROMPTNESS.

AND SATISFACTION GIVEN

OR MONEY REFUNDED.

May 7,'69-tf.

Choice Poetry.

COMETH THE BLESSING DOWN.

Not to the man of dollars,
Not to the man of deeds;
Not to the man of cunning,
Not to the man of creeds;
Not to the one whose passion
Is for the world's renown;
Not in the form of fashion,
Cometh a blessing down.

Not unto land's expansion,
Not to the miser's chest;
Not to the princely mansion,
Not to the blazoned crest;
Not to the sordid worldling,
Not to the knavish clown;
Not to the haughty tyrant,
Cometh a blessing down.

Not to the folly blinded,
Not to the steeped in shame;
Not to the carnal-minded,
Not to unholy fame;
Not in neglect of duty,
Not in the monarch's crown;
Not at the smile of beauty,
Cometh a blessing down.

But to one whose spirit
Yearns for the great and good;
Unto the one whose storehouse
Yielded the hungry food;
Unto the one who labors,
Fearless of foe or frown;
Unto the kindly hearted,
Cometh a blessing down.

Miscellaneous.

MARTHA WARREN.

"Good-bye, Martha. God help you! I shall be back in three days at the farthest."

The hardy White Mountain pioneer, Mark Warren, kissed his young wife, held his two year old boy to his breast for a moment, and then shouldering the sack of corn that was to be converted into meal at the rude mill, forty miles away, trudged on through the wilderness.

Martha Warren stood at the door of the cottage, gazing out after the retreating form of her husband. An angle in the dense shrubbery hid him from her view, but still she did not return to the solitary kitchen, it looked so dark and lonesome there, she shrank from entering; or perhaps the grand sublimity of the view spread out before her, held her attention and thrilled her soul with that nameless, unexpected something that we all see when standing face to face with the work of His fingers.

The finest and most satisfactory view of the White Mountains is that which presents itself from what is now the town of Bethlehem, on the road to Littleton and Franconia. Mount Washington, the King among the princes, is there seen in its proper place—the centre of the "rock ribbed" range, towering bald, blue and unapproachable.

Far up in the wild clearing, close by the turbid waters of the Ammonoosuc, was the cottage situated—a place wild and aerie enough for the nest of an eagle, but dear to the heart of Martha Warren as the home where she had spent the happy days of her young wifehood.—When she had turned from many a partrician suitor in the fair old town of Potsmouth, to join her fortunes with those of the young settler, it was with the full and perfect understanding of the trials that lay before her. She would walk in no path of roses for years to come; much of life must be spent in the eternal solitudes where silence was broken only by the wild winds of the forest, the shriek of the river over the sharp rocks, or the dismal howl of the red mouthed wolf afar in the wilderness.

The necessary absence of her husband she dreaded most. It was so very gloomy to close up her lonely fireside with the consciousness that there was no human being nearer than the settlement of Lord's Hill, ten miles away through the pathless woods.

There was little to fear from the Indians, although a few of the scattered tribes yet roamed over these primeval hunting grounds. They were mostly disposed to be friendly, and Mrs. Warren's kind heart naturally prompted her to many acts of friendship toward them, and an Indian never forgets a kindness.

The purple mist cleared away from the scarred forehead of the dominant old mountain; the yellow sun peeped over the rocky wall, and Martha turned away to the performance of her simple domestic duties. The day was a long one, but it was towards evening, and the gloaming comes much sooner in these solitudes than in any other place. The sunlight faded out of the unglazed windows, though it would illumine the distant mountains for some time yet; and Martha went out in the scanty garden to inhale the odor of the sweet pinks on the meagre root she had brought from her old home.

The spicy perfume carried her back in memory to those days away in the past, spent with kind friends, and cheered with bright young hopes. But though the thought of home and kindred made her sad, not for a moment did she repent the fate she had chosen. Absorbed in thought she had not noticed the absence of Charlie, her little boy; now she saw with vague uneasiness that he had left the bed of peppermint where he had been playing, and was not to be seen. She called his name, but only echo and the swollen river replied. She flew back to the house, the faint hope remaining that he might have returned thither for his pet kitten; but no, the kitten was mewing at the window, but no signs of Charlie.

With frantic haste she searched the clearing, but without success. Her next thought was the river! Black as the night, save where it was flecked with spots of white foam—it flowed on but a few yards before her. She hurried down the bank, calling, "Charlie, Charlie."

The child's voice at some little distance replied. She followed the sound, and to her sorrow saw the boy—his golden hair and rosy face clearly defined against the purple twilight sky—standing on the very edge of the huge, detached rock, some ten feet from the shore, out in the sweeping current of the river!

This rock, called by the settlers "The Pulpit," was a good situation for casting fishing lines, and Mark Warren had bridged the narrow chasm between it and the shore with a couple of hewed logs.

Allured by some clusters of flaming fire weed growing on the side of the Pulpit, Charlie had passed over, and now stood there, regardless of danger, laughingly holding out the floral treasure to his mother. Martha flew over the frail bridge, and the next moment held her child in her arms. Joyful because she had found him uninjured, and mentally resolving that the logs should be removed to prevent further accident, she turned to retrace her steps, but the sight that met her eyes froze her with horror to the spot.

Confronting her on the bridge, not six feet distant, was an enormous wolf, gaunt and beny with hunger, his eyes blazing like live coals through the mist and gloom, his hot fervid breath scorching the very air she breathed.

A low growl of intense satisfaction stirred the air, answered by the growl of at least fifty more of his kind belonging to the pack; in another moment they would be upon her!

Without an instant's thought of the consequence, Martha obeyed her first impulse, and struck the logs with her foot, exercising all her mad strength in the blow. The frail fabric tottered, the soft earth gave way, there was a breath of wild suspense, and then it went down with a dull plunge into the waters beneath. The sharp claws of the wolf had already been fixed on the scant vegetation of the rock, and he held there a moment struggling with ferocious strength to gain a foot hold, the next he slid down into the chasm, uttering a wild howl of disappointed rage.

Martha sank upon her knees and offered up a fervid prayer of thanksgiving for her escape; but simultaneously with the heartfelt "Amen," there came a dreadful recollection. The bridge formed the only link between the pulpit and the main land, and that was severed. True she was not more than twenty feet distant from the shore of the river, but she might as well have been thousands of miles out in the ocean. The water was deep, and it ran with almost inconceivable rapidity, forty or fifty feet below her, over rocks so sharp and jagged that it made her shiver to look over the brink.

Her only hope was in her husband. Should he return at the expected time, they might still be alive; but if by any accident he should be detained beyond the time! She closed her eyes, and besought God for protection and help.

Cold, hungry and drenched by the mist of the rivers, Charlie began to cry for home. She could hear anything better than that. She took off her own garments to fold around him and held him to her breast, and sang him the cradle songs which had so often soothed him.

But the fierce howls of the wolves, and the sullen thunders of the river, filled his little heart with terror, all the long dark night through he clung to her neck sleepless, crying to go home to papa.

Day dawned at last, the pale sun swimming through the sky, the pallid forecast of a storm. Weak and faint from cold—for summer is no bearer of tropical smiles in this inhospitable clime—Martha paced back and forth the narrow limits of the rock. Noon came—the faint sun declined—it was night again. A cold fog sank down over the mountain, followed by a drizzling rain, which before morning changed into a perfect deluge. The river rose fearfully, foaming milk white down the gorge, filling the air with a shuddering roar like the peal of an imprisoned earthquake.

The day that followed was no better, only rain and ashen-white mist—not a ray of sunshine.

A new fear arose in the heart of Martha Warren. The turbulence of the stream must have swept away the bridge over which her husband would cross on his return, and he would be detained—for days, may be for weeks.

She gave up all for lost. Strongly and fearfully was she tempted to fold her child in her arms and plunge into the cauldron beneath, and thus end her fear and doubt! It would be better she thought, than to suffer that slow and painful death of starvation! But something held her back—God's curse was on those who do self-murder.

Towards night a lost robin, beaten about by the storm, stopped to rest a moment on a rock; Martha seized him, and rent him in twain, with almost savage glee, for her to devour raw—she, who two days before would have wept at the sight of a wounded sparrow.

Another night and day, like the other only more intensely agonizing. Martha Warren was suddenly indifferent now; suffering had palsied every noble feeling. Charley moaned for supper—too weak and spent to sit up he was lying on the rock, his head in her lap, his great eyes fixed on her face.

She tore open a vein in her arm with her scissors, and made him drink the blood. Anything she said to calm the wild, wistful yearning of his eyes.

The boy rose; he sat and peered through the darkness.

"Mamma," said he "papa is coming, I felt him touch me."

She wept at the mockery, and drew the child frantically to her bosom.

The night was fair—lit up by the new moon.

Overcome by a deadly exhaustion, against which she made no resistance, Martha fell into a uneasy slumber which toward midnight was broken by a startling cry. She sprank to her feet and gazed around her.

No! her eye did not deceive her—there on the shore stood the stalwart form of her husband and he was calling her name with the energy of despair. She could only cry out, "O. Mark, Mark! and fell senseless on the rock.

When she awoke to consciousness, she was lying on her bed in the cottage supported by her husband's arms.

It was no dream; she and her darling boy were not dead; and he had come back.

Many weeks passed before she grew strong again, but Mark tended her as a mother would an infant, and by the time the autumn frosts fell, she was the blithe Martha Warren of old.

At the time of the freshet the bridge over the Ammonoosuc had indeed been washed away, but Mark, impelled by an uncontrollable fear—almost a presentiment—had crossed the river, at the risk of his life, on a log raft, and reached home only to find it vacant.

The descendants of Mark Warren and his wife still dwell among the fertile valleys of the Ammonoosuc, and the old men still tell their grandchildren the story of Martha Warren and her child.

Sold by a Yankee.

PROFESSOR ANDERSON was looking over the American and Foreign papers in a news office a few months since, when he saw that he was closely scrutinized by a gentleman of tall stature and swarthy appearance, and who was evidently from the country. The following conversation took place:

"I say! are you Professor Anderson, hey?"

"Yes, sir."

"Well, sir, you're a tarnation smart man I hear. You han't got that bottle of yourn with ye, have ye?"

"No, sir."

"Well, I'm from down East, having been raised in the State of Maine, and I should like to purchase a duplicate of that ere bottle, as I am going out stumping for ——, I guess if I had your bottle, or its twin brother, I'd soon swamp the Scotties, without talking politics either.

"I never carry my bottle with me, nor have I a duplicate of it."

"Sorry for that, sir," said the stumper. "However, I was once taught a trick when a boy, but I almost forgot how the thing was done now. I'll tell you how it was, stranger, as near as I can. I used to take a red cent, and change it into a ten dollar gold piece."

"Oh!" said the professor, "that is quite simple, a mere trick of slight of hand."

"Well I know it's not very difficult, but as I forget how, will you show me?" at the same time handing a cent to the Wizard.

"Oh, yes, sir, if it will oblige you, I will show you in a moment. Hold your hand," said the wizard. "This is your cent is it not?"

"Yes sir."

"*Close your hand!*"

The Down Easter closed his hand fast.

"Are you sure you have it?" asked the wizard.

"I guess I have," said he; "and I'll bet a dollar you can't change it into a ten dollar gold piece."

"Done," said the Wizard. "Now hold fast."

"Yes, sir, I reckon I will—but stop! down with your dollar! here's mine!" said the Yankee.

The Wizard covered his dollar.

"Now, sir are you ready?"

"I an't nothin' else."

"Change!" said the Wizard. "Now, sir, open your hand."

"He did so, and to his utter astonishment he held a *bona fide ten dollar gold piece!*

"Well, sir," said the Wizard," you see you have lost your dollar."

"I guess I have," said he, handing over the two dollars.

"Now," said the Professor, "I'll bet another dollar I'll change the ten dollar piece into your cent again."

"No yer don't," said the gent from Maine, placing the ten dollar in his pocket and buttoning it up tight. "I'm obliged to you, purfessor, but I reckon I'll leave it as it is. Good morning *old hoss!*" said he, walking out of the office, and turning round as he reached the door he placed his digitalals in close proximity to his proboscis, saying, "I guess there ain't any thing green about this child!" and left the Professor in utter astonishment at his coolness.

THE BIBLE.—The Bible contains three million, five hundred and sixty-six thousand, four hundred and eighty letters. Seven hundred and seventy-three thousand, six hundred and ninety-two words. Thirty-one thousand, one hundred and seventy-three verses. One thousand, one hundred and eighty-nine chapters, and sixty-six books.

The word "and" occurs forty-six thousand, two hundred and twenty-seven times. The word Lord one thousand, eight hundred and fifty-five times. The word "reverend" occurs *once* in the Bible, which is in the 9th verse of the 111th Psalm. The *middle* and *least* chapter is the 117th Psalm. The middle *verse* is the 8th verse of 118th Psalm.

The 21st verse of the 7th chapter of Ezra contains the alphabet. The finest Chapter to read is 26th Chapter of Acts. The 19th Chapter of the 2d Kings, and the 27th Chapter of Isaiah are alike. The longest verse is the 9th verse of the 8th Chapter of Esther. The shortest verse is the 35th of the 11th Chapter of St. John. The 8th, 15th, 21st and 31st verses of the 107th Psalm are alike. Each verse of the 136th Psalm ends alike.

There are no words or names in the Bible of more than six syllables.

How to cook a bean, by an old beanist: Buy a bean, bathe it well, put in twelve quarts of river water, (if you haven't got a river, better buy one, as they are handy to have,) boil it six hours by an avoirdupois clock, take it out and wipe it thoroughly dry with a soft towel, lay it on its Northwest side, about two degrees Sow-sow-westerly; bore a hole gently in each end, abstract the "inards" very quietly without mussing very much; then stuff one end with soft boiled rice and the other end with rice boiled soft; the end that points towards the North should, in all instances, except in cases of extreme hemorrhage, be stuffed first; then take the South side of the shell off gently; then the East carefully, then sweeten with salt, and it will taste so much like rice you'd never dream it was a bean.

A WOMAN'S heart, like the moon, should have only one man in it.

The Wrong Man.

YANKEE peddlers, from time immemorial, have been famous for "doing others" and being "done," notwithstanding their shrewdness, and though, in the long run, they may come out "right side up," yet once in a while the force of circumstances so corners them that they are obliged to cry peccavi!

"In the course of human events"—(to find a new style antipodean with the flood, or cotemporary with the time of George Washington—there happened to be a peddler of the Old BayState, by the name of Ike Jewell, who one day picked up his traps and started off South, along the line of the Mississippi, in order to dispense patents for various inventions—from a tooth-pick to a fanning-mill—and at last brought up at the little village of Helena, in the State of Arkansas. Now, it happened that on the very day that Mr. Jewell arrived in town, a fellow had been arrested for negro stealing, and placed in the old log jail, preparatory to receiving the penalty of fifty lashes for the offense. The jail being insecure, there being no patrol a la horse-guards, to protect it the prisoner, having a tinge of Jack Sheppard's blood in his veins, managed to escape, and of course flew by the night, after the manner of the witches in Macbeth. The consequence was that when the sheriff went the next morning, in all the dignity of official pride, to administer the punishment, he was both surprised and indignant to find his man non est inventus!

"Ah! this won't do," said the dignitary, biting his lip, and looking poniards at the under-sheriff—and a carrotty-headed deputy, with a pumkin colored beard of a week's growth—"We must set spies about for him, and have him re-apprehended."

Scouts were immediately dispatched on all sides, all of whom had seen the man on trial, and knew his face, and as the sheriff's indignation was hugely "riz," their orders were uncompromisingly stringent.

Now it happened, from some strange and unfortunate circumstance, that the newly arrived Yankee peddler was the very image—the regular "Corsican Brother"—the "Siamese Twin" of the fugitive culprit, and as he was buttering a pancake at breakfast next morning, a large, powerful man, with an official grin, tapped him gently on the shoulder.

"Well, what's the row now?" inquired the Yankee.

"Want you, mister," was the brief reply.

"Yees—want me deu you? I spose you've hearn of my having come to town with my everlastin' and all snorten inventions. You're wide awake, I see, for coming afore any one else."

"Curse your inventions," said the official. "The sheriff wants to see you immediately. You thought to escape, did yu?"

"Sheriff—Escape! Look a here, you critter, what on airth do you mean?"

"Mean, for you to come along without another word." And so saying he dragged the peddler out of the room.

On the way he learned the circumstances of the arrest, and although he protested and swore he was not the man, the likeness was too strong for belief. The sheriff advised him for the good of his country and the honor of his friends, if he had any, not to tell such "dreadful lies," but quietly submit to the punishment.

The consequence was, he was tied to the whipping post, and the sheriff prepared to render, in the severest manner the infliction.

"Now, before I begin old fellow," said the sheriff, "what have you got to say?"

"Oh, nothin' in particular," said the peddler, laughing with a meaning curve of the lip—"only ef you can afford to pay for luxuries, mister, go ahead!"

The sheriff not comprehending the drift of this business-like observation, applied the scourge, and at every cut the Yankee laughed with immoderate glee. Lash succeeded lash, and still he laughed, "and still the wonder grew." When the fiftieth lash had been laid on, as a parting salute the sheriff threw down the whip in a flood of wonderment and addressing the Yankee, said:

"I'm regularly dumbfounded! What in the devil's name makes you laugh so?"

"Laugh! Why, who could help it?" fairly roared the Yankee. "I'm laughing to think how you've got sucked in on this 'ere operation—I ain't the man.'

He said this so meaningly, that the sheriff began to think there must be a mistake somewhere. The Yankee still went on saying:

"It strikes me that business in my line is going to be rather dull in this town, and if there's any law to be had, I'll speculate on this licking, and see ef I can't turn it to some account. I'm always open for trade, mister, if you want to compromise—for remember, you've licked the wrong man?"

The sheriff, after consulting with his lawyer, *settled* with the Yankee, paying him three hundred dollars, and the fellow went on his way hoping to meet with similar luck elsewhere.

THE LAST CHICKEN GONE.—When the Conference assembled in Hillsborough, some years since, on the last day of the session, a lad, whose dad entertained some half a dozen preachers, entered the room where the ministers were seated, in a terrible state of excitement.

"What's the matter, Isaac," asked one, "you seem excited."

"Excited! I ain't excited; I'm mad all over."

"What are you mad about, Isaac? Don't you know its wrong to suffer yourself to become angered?"

"Wrong or no wrong, it is enough to make anybody mad but a preacher. Here's every chicken on the place cut up, except the old rooster, and just now he happened to see you fellows and sung out: 'And must this body die?' and dropped over stone dead."

Mr. A. T. Stewart's property on Broadway alone is worth five millions.

To Iron Ore Men.

SOMETHING NEW.—He who by simplifying the processes for the manufacture of iron can increase the production and cheapen the cost, is no less a benefactor of mankind than he who causes two blades of grass to grow where but one was formerly produced; for in a country so extended as ours, the use of iron in transporting the various productions from the farms, workshops and mines to the places of consumption, has become as important as their production or growth. For this reason we take pleasure in chronicling the results of experiments for the manufacture of iron, particularly those which obviate the necessity of large and expensive establishments, and bring the business within the reach of individuals and companies with moderate capital, and hope that which has been demonstrated a complete success in Schuylkill county may be speedily introduced in our own iron abounding Lehigh.

At Ringgold, in Schuylkill county, they are making wrought iron blooms direct from the ore, under a new process patented by J. Jameson. The merits of this process are most extraordinary and must certainly effect a complete and radical change in the mode of manufacturing wrought iron. The furnaces each with two fires, are constructed at a cost of about $1200, and each is capable of producing ten tons of blooms per week. They are somewhat of an oven shape, having however a stack from the top of about 20 feet in height, and can be erected anywhere, at the mines direct, if so desired. A refining fire is in front, into which the blast pipes enter on the side. The gas that is evolved from the fuel passes into a chamber, where combustion takes place, and thence the combustion of the gases continues till above the fifth chamber it passes (together with such deleterious qualities as have been taken up from the ore in its progress) through and out of the stack. The five chambers are called in the Jameson Patents the deoxydizing chambers. The ores are calcined, then crushed, and first placed in the top or fifth chamber. Into the first and second chambers a small jet of steam is injected whereby hydrogen is generated for the purpose of aiding in desulphurating and dephosphorating the ores. The floor of the top chamber is a table made of fire-clay blocks, with an opening at the end opposite from the door or entrance through which the raw ore is thrown in. On this table the ore is spread out, and after being here subjected to the operation of the burning gases it is then pushed down through the opening at the end of the table opposite to the door on to a like table in the chamber below, where it is again spread out and here it remains for a time and in like manner passes on to the table of the third chamber, there, after undergoing a like operation, it is passed to the second chamber, thence it goes to the bottom or first chamber. Thus every particle of the ore is equally operated upon. By this time the ore is almost a pulp, and then it is passed into the charcoal bed and refining chamber. Here the loop is soon formed, when it is taken out, and the hammer soon presents you with a bloom of from 225 to 250 pounds in weight. It is not claimed that to make wrought iron direct from the ore has anything new about it. Probably half the blooms made in America are thus produced. Generally, they are of an inferior quality, and involve a large expenditure of fuel and of ore. It is not so however with the blooms made by the

The Columbian
—AND—
Bloomsburg Democrat.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 14, 1869.

☞ THE COLUMBIAN has the Largest Circulation of any paper published in Northern Pennsylvania, and is also a much larger sheet than any of its contemporaries, and is therefore the best medium for advertising in this section of the State.

The Ben Homicide.

THE evidence in this important case was closed on Saturday last. On Monday E. H. Baldy made the opening speech for the Commonwealth, and was followed in the afternoon by Col. John G. Freeze and John P. Ryan in behalf of the prisoner, John Duffy, and Linn Bartholomew closed for the Commonwealth Monday evening. Tuesday forenoon was occupied by the charge of the Court, and shortly before dinner the jury retired. There being no evidence against Patrick Hester, he was at once discharged.

About 2 P.M., the ringing of the Court House bell announced that the jury had agreed on their verdict, and Court convened. They pronounced the prisoner NOT GUILTY.

The same jury were taken in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Michael Pryor, but no evidence being produced he was likewise pronounced NOT GUILTY.

On motion of Col. Freeze, both the prisoners were discharged, and received the congratulations of their friends.

We are informed that the first ballot of the jury in the case of Duffy, stood four for conviction, and eight for acquittal. Not much interest was taken in the trial, the Court House at no time being full. But very little testimony was taken additional to that in Donahue's case.

Important to Educators.

BY reference to another column, under the caption of "Teachers' Institute" it will be seen that one of the most important wants of our educational system is to be supplied by the Bloomsburg State Normal School. The case in a nut-shell is simply this; many professional teachers from the very nature of their duties are prevented from attending the regular sessions of the school; to such is offered an opportunity, superior in some respects to that presented by the ordinary school term, to acquire those just and proper rules and systems indispensable to the correct management of youth. The theory of teaching in all its branches will be a specialty, and judicious and able Professors will, by the usual class exercises and by lectures, present the most useful and necessary branches of learning in an interesting, clear and succinct manner.

By this plan, the time which is ordinarily wasted by teachers in the interim between their terms, can be most profitably occupied in fitting themselves for the absolute needs of their profession. There is also to be taken in connection with this, the fact, that the terms are so exceedingly low as to bring the opportunity within reach of all.

We do earnestly trust that Teachers, County Superintendents and School Directors may look upon this proposed special term with the attention which its importance really deserves. The principle upon which it is founded, if carried into the ordinary business of life would doubtless receive all due care; a farmer would scarcely expect good fruit from a neglected, rough and uncultivated tree: what nature asserts in her own dominion, will be reproduced in a more marked way in men and women, equally prone to grow as early training inclines them.

It is simply ridiculous to look for really good systematic instruction from those, who, never having received such themselves, are totally unable to appreciate the benefits arising therefrom. As in the older days, so in the present, men do not gather grapes from thorns nor figs from thistles. How would it be possible for a teacher who had never learned French, to instruct a class in an intelligible manner as to the rules which govern and the idioms which mark that language? The person who should rashly try the experiment would speedily be laughed out of so preposterous an undertaking, and yet, yearly, throughout the country, parents do an equally foolish thing who trust their children to the care and management of such as possess but feeble imitations of educations and know nothing whatever of those higher rules which promote both moral and intellectual culture. This state of affairs is not imaginary; it exists in our very midst, and we have but to turn our eyes on either side to see the effects of such half-way instruction upon the minds of those whose years, or labors, forbid their longer attending school.

To secure pure, sparkling, health-giving water it is necessary that the fountain-head be clear and untainted. When we consider that the education of our youth is destined to affect not only the age in which we live, but also, the future of the whole country, as they in turn take the places of the present generation and become the law-givers and judges of the land, the importance of their correct and judicious guidance in the paths of knowledge becomes instantly apparent. By carelessness and want of interest in this most important matter, we are trifling not only with the best interests of our own day but are affecting, and it may be most disastrously, the fate of generations yet unborn.

We bespeak for the notice to which we have alluded a careful and attentive perusal, and trust that the few words which we have deemed proper to write in relation thereto, may have the effect of awakening a deeper interest than our people oftentimes give to matters of great importance.

"Men are but children of a larger growth" and in the case of such as have adopted teaching for a profession, proper and thorough intellectual and moral training is as necessary as for those who are placed under their care and guidance.

"PROF" PEALER, some time since, sent us a request that his name should not appear in our articles relating to the Columbia County Invasion. It will be observed in the present number of our paper that this request has not been complied with.

Filibustering.

ON the 1st of May the Steamer Arago cleared from New York for St. Thomas under Peruvian colors. When at some distance below the city she was overtaken by two steam tugs from which she received one thousand men fully armed and equipped. There had also been previously placed on the Steamer a large amount of ammunition, and 1000 stand of arms. Suspicion points strongly to Cuba as the destined port to which the vessel was bound. This is the first really very strong proof of American complicity with Cuban affairs, although it has been thought for some time past that expeditions were fitting out for the same cause in various cities of the Union. No notice has been taken by the Government authorities and it is said that the ammunition furnished the Arago was from the U. S. Arsenal on Governor's Island. Certain it is, that, although in view of so many suspicious circumstances, no neutrality proclamation has been issued by the President as is customary in fulfilling our own policy of non-intervention. It looks as if the present administration if not implicated was at least unpardonably careless. We shall await with some anxiety the upshot of the matter.

A Further Supplement

To the acts relating to the passage of fish in the Susquehanna and its tributaries.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same:* That the commissioner of fisheries be authorized to procure concurrent legislation between this Commonwealth and the State of Maryland, relating to the river Susquehanna, so as to prohibit fishing with gill nets or with fish-baskets in the said river and its tributaries, and also establishing close days, wherein all fishing by trapping in numbers shall be closed, thus allowing a fair proportion of the run of fish to reach the upper waters; and further, that the said commissioner shall be authorized to investigate and report upon the state of the laws relating to fish and fishing in the river Delaware and its tributaries, and in this connection to ascertain and report upon such legislation as may seem to be necessary in relation to said river Delaware and its tributaries, and whether any concurrent legislation shall be required between this Commonwealth and the States of Delaware and New Jersey, having in view the general improvement of the Delaware fisheries and the reciprocal benefit of the States interested therein and bordering upon the said river, within the reach of the migratory fish: and it shall be further the duty of said commissioner to inquire into the fishing laws of the State of New York, having relation to the portions of Delaware and Susquehanna rivers lying within the boundaries of the said State, whether the same be of benefit to the said State of New York and this Commonwealth reciprocally, and whether any such laws are required to be passed.

SEC. 2. That judges of the courts of common pleas in the counties having jurisdiction of the river Susquehanna and other waters of this Commonwealth, shall have power to confer upon local constables the functions of water bailiffs, so that they, the said constables, may be fully authorized to abate the nuisances declared to be such under the several acts to which this act is a supplement, and other cognate laws of the Commonwealth, and otherwise see to the enforcement of said laws; and if it be found in practice, that the said officers cannot be fairly compensated under the provisions of the said acts, the said officers shall be compensated or the difference made up by authority of the said judges, and at the expense of the said counties interested.

SEC. 3 That the expense attending the suits at law in fees, et cetera, of the Commonwealth *vs.* the Pennsylvania Canal company, *et al.*, instituted under the acts to which this act is a supplement, when the said suits shall be finally decided, be submitted for audit to the Auditor General, the State Treasurer and the Attorney General, and should the same appear reasonable and just to the said board of audit, it shall be paid by warrant of the Auditor General upon the State Treasurer out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 4. That the commission for the restoration of the fisheries shall be continued, by appointment of the Governor, for three years from the date of its last expiration, unless in the meantime otherwise ordered by the general assembly, and that the compensation shall be ascertained as heretofore authorized by law.

JOHN CLARK,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
WILMER WORTHINGTON,
Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the eighth day of April, A. D. 1869. JNO. W. GEARY.

WHY should the United States Government, or rather why should the people of the United States, pay the *barbers' bills* of the honorable Senators? We find in the recent report of the Senate contingent fund a number of items in reference to this business that are rather odd. For example, there is an appropriation for shaving mugs, shaving brushes and honey soap; there are appropriations for cologne, bay rum and alcohol; for cosmetics, extract ginger and spirits of camphor; for bathing sponge, ($35.37,) flesh-brushes and plate brushes, and for a variety of articles that show the most remarkable tastes among Senators. But why should the people of the country, who are hardly able to pay their own barbers, be compelled to support a national barber shop for Senators?

IMPORTANT TO TEA DRINKERS.—The wife of a scientific gentleman residing at Portsmouth N. H., who had for years been a great sufferer from nervous affection, recently made an analysis of the tea she used, and found that the coloring material was gypsum and Prussian blue, one of the most active poisons, and likewise discovered that the amount in a pound of tea, if administered at once, would produce instant death. With Prussian blue in our tea, burnt liver in our coffee, sand in our sugar, plaster of Paris in our flour, fusil oil in our brandy, diseased beef-steak, and trichinae in our pork, what, we should like to know, can a poor mortal eat and drink? The choice appears to be between starvation on the one hand and death by poison on the other.

The Columbia County Invasion.

VI

ELECTION ARRESTS.

(*Case of Rev. A. R. Rutan:*—On the 31st day of August 1864 this gentleman was arrested by three soldiers at his residence in the lower end of Luzerne County and brought across the county line, about ten o'clock at night, to the camp near Benton. The day following he was taken by Lt. Col. Stewart before Gen. Cadwallader who, perceiving no reason for holding him, discharged him upon parole to appear when called for, and he returned home. He was not wanted or called for *until the night before the October election*, when six drunken soldiers arrested him again at his residence and hurried him across the county line to the camp near Coleman's. This was late in the night and the arrest was made in a rude and threatening manner to the great disturbance and alarm of a quiet family. A man named Steele was compelled to drive Mr. Rutan's team to the camp. Mr. R. was kept at the camp two days and nights, sleeping on the ground, and was then sent to Harrisburg by way of Bloomsburg, under guard. Thus an additional voter was silenced at the October election. The 41 electors of this county, first arrested, were meantime securely held in custody at Fort Mifflin (save one who died a prisoner,) and a number of other citizens (some of whose cases will be mentioned hereafter) were also arrested on the day of election, or just before, and withheld from the polls. The Managers of the Invasion were in full prosecution of their enterprise, and Radicalism "laughed broad" in all our boarders at the happy progress of events.

Mr. Rutan's case was succinctly but clearly stated by him at the great Nob Mountain Meeting, Aug. 31, 1865, just one year after his first arrest, and at the conclusion of the same meeting a very strong opinion upon it was pronounced by Senator Buckalew, who had given it a full and careful examination. (*Nob Mountain Book pp.* 113—14, 133—4.) It may therefore be thought unnecessary that we should speak of it at length or follow it regularly to its conclusion in a Presidential pardon. But, inasmuch as it is one of the most instructive examples within our immediate knowledge of military unfitness for the administration of civil justice, we will proceed to open it up somewhat further and express our sentiments very frankly upon its general aspects.

Mr. R. confessedly had broken no law, nor had he interposed any act of resistance to the prosecution of the war. He was a man well advanced in years and not liable to military duty or to military jurisdiction, and he was a peaceful and inoffensive citizen. But all these circumstances counted as nothing in his favor when the grasp of military power instigated by political hostility was upon him and he was compelled to pass the ordeal of an unlawful Military Commission. They were "as dust in the balance" against the fact that he was a Democrat, that he had been active or at least emphatic in his condemnation of the party in power, and that his arrest and conviction for some pretended offense might intimidate the people of his section and weaken the friends of honest government and Constitutional rule. He was arrested three times and at last convicted on a sham trial and sentenced to imprisonment, from which he was subsequently discharged upon the urgent remonstrance of influential men of both parties and permitted to return to his home.

When he was first taken to Harrisburg, at the time already mentioned, a little miscreant named Wessels was playing Judge Advocate before the Military Commission and industriously engaged in "making up a case" against the Columbia county prisoners. He conceived the idea of using Mr. Rutan for his purpose and the latter was approached with suggestions that he "should tell all he knew," (meaning something he did *not* know) "and be saved from all further trouble." "He should be free at once and go harmless if he would make a clean breast of it, etc., etc." These urgent invitations to turn informer were received by Rutan with prudence; he restrained his indignation, and Wessels supposed he had produced the desired impression upon him and could coerce him into performing the wicked work proposed. He therefore paroled him to go home upon condition that he should write out "all he knew about a meeting near Benton" at which a man named Headley or Hadley spoke, and transmit the narrative to Harrisburg. This Mr. Rutan could very honorably and safely promise to do, for the meeting in question was perfectly innocent and harmless (as was fully shown upon subsequent investigation,) and a truthful statement concerning it could do no possible harm. It had been held more than a year and a half before and had no connection whatever with the Invasion or with the events which immediately preceded it.

Mr. R. returned home, but as he knew perfectly well that what Wessels wanted was not the truth but falsehood concerning the Hadley meeting, and to fix and use him as a witness upon the Columbia county trials, and that the transmission of his true statement would probably result in his being again arrested, he hesitated a short time in performing his promise. At this juncture he was waited upon by Samuel J. Pealer, —commonly known as "Professor Pealer"—a government runner or agent in the military prosecutions, who proposed "to clear him of all further trouble" with the military or 'government,' (as he expressed it,) upon condition that Mr. R. should do the handsome thing to secure so desirable a result. With a lively recollection of the two arrests already suffered by him, and in fear of a third because he could not turn liar and perjurer at the dictation of military power, Mr. R. at last consented "to buy his peace." He submitted to the "Professor's" demand and agreed to pay him $65, in money, a Devonshire heifer, and a fine dog," which, Pealer said "would clear him of all, and there would be no more arrests made on him, and there would be no more soldiers troubling his family by coming after him." This contract for peace and quiet was executed in part, when Mr. Rutan was arrested for the third time by soldiers, in the night time, and hurried off to Harrisburg. It seems that Wessels had became impatient, as he was in pressing need of testimony, and had ordered Mr. R. to be seized and sent to him that he might be subjected to direct and thorough manipulation. And he was put under strong pressure to extort from him confessions or statements which could be used upon the trials of the other prisoners and justify their seizure and imprisonment. It was thought that his age, standing, and clerical character would give importance and influence to whatever testimony, true or false, could be obtained from him. Mr. R. in mild language informs us, that he "was interrogated about the disloyalty of different men of whom he knew nothing wrong," until the experiment was abandoned as hopeless. He was given up as incorrigible. The pumping and threatening process being in his case a complete failure because he knew of nothing wrong and would not falsify, nothing was left to the military power but to punish him for his contumacy. He was thrust into prison among deserters and bounty-jumpers, and kept there until about the last of November when, as he expresses it, "he had some kind of a trial,"—that is, he had a summary, imperfect, unfair and hostile hearing before a Military Commission, and was subjected to an unjust, unlawful, cruel and infamous sentence. He had offended the Judge Advocate and other managers of persecution very deeply; had disappointed their hopes; had refused to become a false witness and rogue at their bidding. As he would not become their instrument, he was made their victim, and was taught that vengeance will not linger when lawless power is offended by the scruples or integrity of the citizen.

Mr. Rutan's last arrest was less than one week after his treaty of peace with Samuel J. Pealer, and was, like the preceding ones, a night performance. In fact most of the military arrests in this section were made at night, or in the dusk of morning, as if the actors were afraid of honest daylight and desirous of veiling their deeds in darkness. In Mr. Rutan's case either Pealer had failed to report that he had settled it upon true Radical principles, or his authority was repudiated. Or, probably, Wessels still hoped to make Mr. R. an informer by putting military pressure upon him. The hopes entertained of making him a witness and the disappointment felt at his delay in making report, are indicated by the following extract from one of the Radical sensation newspapers of that time—the. —*Philadelphia Inquirer.* It said, speaking of the Columbia county prisoners:—

"One named Reutant," (Rutan) "a preacher, manifested much concern in regard to his flock, and begged to be permitted to fill the vacated pulpit. The Commission consented, on condition that he would, when he got home, write a full account and confession of all he knew in connection with these conspiracies. To this Reutant (Rutan) "expressed himself willing to comply, and he was accordingly paroled, but he has not since been heard from, as promised."

Upon the (so-called) trial of Mr. R. we believe the Hadley meeting was not insisted upon as a disloyal assemblage and the participants therein as criminal, although it was with reference to it that Mr. R. was originally examined with great strictness and directed to make up a statement. The pretense that it was criminal or disloyal had in the meantime been completely exploded upon the trial of other prisoners and could no longer be set up. But other pretexts for his conviction were found. It was charged that he had attended one or more political Club meetings in Luzerne county, the most remarkable feature of which was, that like those of the "Loyal Leagues" they were held in secret. He was also charged with having made disloyal declarations on several occasions in discourse or conversation. The main declaration insisted upon however, was neither proved nor credible. It consisted of violent and profane language, which no sensible man ever believed he uttered, and the witness to prove it was flatly impeached as unworthy of belief, and that too even by Republican witnesses. A balder case for merely censuring a man was never made out, and there could be no pretence even that a criminal offence had been committed.

Such however was the case, (the best that could be made up,) upon which Mr. R. was convicted and sentenced to a severe imprisonment which was only terminated by the interference of the President of the United States. Altogether he was subjected to great hardship and suffering; his crops were lost; his business broken up, and his family harassed and humiliated. He resides now in Fishingcreek township in this County, and can give to any inquiring Radical full details of his rather remarkable experience in the Columbia County Invasion.

SLEEPING TOGETHER.—The *Laws of Life* says: "More quarrels arise between brothers, between sisters, between hired girls, between clerks in stores, between apprentices in mechanic shops, between hired men, between husbands and wives, owing to electrical changes through which their nervous systems go by lodging together night after night under the same bed clothes, than by almost any other disturbing cause. There is nothing that will so derange the nervous system of a person who is eliminative in nervous force as to lie all night in bed with another person who is absorbent in nervous force. The absorber will go to sleep and rest all night while the eliminator will be tumbling and tossing, restless and nervous, and wake up in the morning fretful, peevish fault finding and discouraged. No two persons, no matter who they are, should habitually sleep together. One will thrive and the other will lose. This is the law, and in married life it is defied almost universally."

WHAT IS NEEDED.—We need for our dwellings more ventilation and less heat; we need more out door exercise, more sunlight, more manly, athletic, and rude sports; we need more amusements, more holidays, more frolic and noisy, boisterous mirth. Our infants need better nourishment than colorless mother ever can furnish; our children need more romping and less study. Our old men more quiet, and earlier relaxation from the labors of life. All men, both young and old, need less medicine and more good counsel.

THINGS look suspicious about the White House. A short time since Gen. Robert E. Lee called on Mr. Grant and now Gen. McClellan has had a long interview. Is not this just and sufficient cause for investigation by the Loyal League? Where is Logan and his Grand Army of the Republic?

Communicated.

CAMBRA, May 12, 1869.

Mr. Editor:—I have noticed a defamatory communication in the last week's *Republican*, characteristic of that sheet and of its correspondents. It bears the signature of A. B. K., which initials probably do not correctly indicate those of the writer, who is without doubt the great Doctor, who, rumor says, can dissect children, remove ulcers from livers and replace them without injury, and who though placing on his book account two thousand dollars annually, yet pays no attention to the liabilities for which his sureties were bound and finally had to pay several hundred dollars. Last but not least, (report says) a landlord's warrant was served upon him for rent, and by claiming the statute of three hundred dollars was completely swamped. But the writer wishes to avoid personalities and describe localities. This physician I said had a large practice—so he has—it extends from half a mile west of Cambra to the West Branch, and so lucrative has this practice proved that he can now amply afford to travel on foot.

A. B. K., can certainly not be the Ape who follows slaughtering for a living in the fall of the year, whose circumstances have been such that it became necessary for the neighbors to donate a living to prevent his becoming a town charge. This species of natural curiosity is the opposite of the kangaroo. Its habits are of a roving description. It gives tongue to the most smutty filth that man or woman ever heard. Of late it was somewhat annoyed by what was termed a wild animal. Poor fellow! having lost a sheep or two, dogs were frequent visitors to the dead carcasses. A. B. K. returning from Cambra one evening, encountered a dog, no doubt, and called for the Ape to shoot the animal. This raised an excitement in the camp of baboons and they watched for the beast. It made its appearance and the Ape shot and killed it, but upon investigation it was found to be *a stump!* The sound of a quill, one night alarmed the camp so they drew the dead carcasses so near the window of the house, out of which they hoped to shoot the beast, that the stench became so thick they could not see the sights, and when the animal came they overshot it.

The author of the article could get a very good idea of the animal as described in the *Republican* by looking in a mirror, except that, the soft tissue spoken of, would be *inside* instead of outside of the head!

If the wild animal spoken of in Tennessee has produced as much consternation there as a quill has among our credulous neighbors here, we deeply sympathize with them. No reply hereafter bearing on this subject will be given.

Some things may be considered pretty severe, but the case admits of no other treatment. Reference is only had herein to A. B. K. and his aids.

RAVEN CREEK.

FOR THE COLUMBIAN.

A SELL.

BY RAVEN.

All have heard the recent wonder,
Near the turnpike, over yonder,
How a monster has been prowling,
Screeching, screaming, yelping, howling,
Snatching fowl of every feather,
Killing sheep, both ewe and wether,
Making 'way with hound and cur,
And leaving neither bone nor fur.

Men heard its screams, now loud, now fainter,
And thus declared it was a "Painter,"
While others thought, again it may be,
It cries so like a little baby,
Some said, as fright had made them eager,
It was a Rocky-mountain tiger,
That from its keeper's cage had broke,
And running loose to scare the folks,
Some said, they more and better knew,
It was a leaping Kangaroo,
That stood up nearly ten feet high:
Its tail was thicker than your thigh,
But whether on its way to Asia,
Or how it came from Australasia,
Where questions they thought too profound,
Or else to answer were not bound,
Some said they saw it, stripped and sleek,
Three links of chain hung from its neck.*
Some knew for sure, while others guessed,
It was a strange, unheard of beast,
That wandered from some unknown quarter,
And threatened universal slaughter.

One evening as the moon was rising,
This unknown brute with voice surprising,
Was heard—so goes the current yarn,
Not far from Mr. Hughes' barn,
The tiding went from mouth to ear,
"The screaming monster now is here."
But when they had prepared to follow,
They heard it down in rocky-hollow,
But when they thought to find it here,
Like Paddy's flea it was not there,
So off they ran across the bridge,
And lo! it screams upon the ridge,
Just when they thought the chase to yield,
They heard it up in Squire's field,
And every one would bet a button,
He's skulking there to catch a mutton,
They hollowed loudly in the yard,
To put the Squire on his guard,
That if he wished to save his sheep,
He must them in the stable keep.
For hark! the monster's prowling 'round,
There! listen!! to the fearful sound.
Then taking thence the nearest road,
They altogether homeward strode,
And telling to the gaping crowd,
And of their courage seeming proud,
The truth you can't again dispute,
For we have *almost* seen the brute.

But soon some one with knowing blink,
Suspicion raised by nod and wink,
And if the truth must now be told,
Some fellows have been badly sold.
That Panther, screaming loud and shrill.
Was Wenner blowing on a quill.

STILL WATER, Pa. May 4th 1869.

*[Probably an Odd Fellow Ed.]

WITHOUT A GOOD DIGESTION.

All other temporal blessings are comparatively worthless. The dyspeptic millionaire who has tried all the potions of the medical profession in vain, and believes his complaint to be incurable, would give half his fortune to be freed from the horrors of indigestion, and thus enabled to enjoy the other half. *Of course he would.*

Perhaps HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS has been recommended to such a sufferer. Possibly he has turned from the friend who made the suggestion with a sneer, intimating that he has *no faith* in any "patent medicine." If this has been the case, *so much the worse for him.* His incredulity dooms him to a life of misery. All the luxuries which wealth can purchase are at his command. Not one of them can give him pleasure. His own irrational obstinacy is his bane.

The *masses*, happily for themselves, are less skeptical. There is such a thing as *bigoted unbelief*, as well as *bigoted credulity*, and a golden mean between the two, which men and women who are gifted with common sense adopt and profit by, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS. Why do they approve this famous anti-dyspeptic and anti-bilious preparation? Simply because they have not been so much the slaves of senseless prejudice to give it a fair trial, and have found that when all other tonics, stimulants and stomachics failed, it produced the desired effect.

"Strike, but hear," said the Roman sage when his ignorant enemies were assailing him. "Doubt, but try," says the man who has been cured of indigestion, or biliousness, or intermittent fever, by the Bitters, as he relates his experience of the medicine to his invalid friends. Whoever is so wedded to his own foregone theoretical conclusions, as to decline to test the properties of a medicine endorsed by the testimony of intelligent men in every walk of life, and approved by the people at large, *deserves to suffer.*

Bloomsburg Market Report.

Wheat per bushel	$1 70
Rye " "	1 25
Corn " "	60
Oats " "	65
Flour per barrel	11 50
Cloverseed	6 00
Flaxseed	2 00
Timothy seed	50
Butter	18
Eggs	12
Tallow	7
Potatoes	75
Dried Apples	2 50
Dried Cherries	25
Hams	20
Sides and Shoulders	20
Lard per pound	18
Hay per ton	16 00

LUMBER.

Hemlock Boards per thousand feet	$18 00
Pine " " " (one inch)	18 00
Joist, Scantling, Plank, (Hemlock)	15 00
Shingles, No. 1 per thousand	6 00
" " 2 " "	5 00
Siding " "	18 00
Iron—	
No. 1 Scotch pig	$42
No. 2 "	$40
Blooms	$58

Light Street Markets.

Corrected weekly by Peter Ent, wholesale and retail dealer in grain, flour & feed and general merchandize.

Wheat per bushel	$1 40
Rye " "	1 00
Corn " "	1 00
Buck Wheat " "	70
Oats " "	50
Wheat Flour per 100 lbs	5 00
Buck Wheat Flour	2 50
Corn Chop,	1 50
Bran,	1 50
Butter per lb	45
Eggs per doz.,	10
Potatoes per bus	90
Dried Apples "	2 00
Smoked Side meat per lb	18
" Shoulder "	20
" Ham "	25
Lard " lb	18

Philadelphia Markets.

FLOUR—	
Northwestern superfine at	$5 00@5 25
Northwestern extra	5 50@6 25
Northwestern family	7 00@7 75
Pennsylvania and Western superfine	5 00@6 00
Pennsylvania and Western extra	6 25@6 75
Pennsylvania and Western family	8 50@11 00
Pennsylvania and Western fancy	11 50@13 25
Rye flour	$7 25
WHEAT—Pennsylvania red, ₩ bus	$1 60@1 70
" Southern " "	$2 00@2 75
" California " "	$3 20
" white " "	$1 75@1 80
RYE—Pennsylvania rye, ₩ bus	$1 40@1 45
CORN—Yellow, "	90@90c
" White, "	$1 37@1 37
OATS—₩ bus	70@80
PROVISIONS—Mess Pork, ₩ bbl	$21 50
" Mess Beef, "	$24 50
" Dressed Hogs, ₩ lb	$7 @8c
" Smoked Hams "	17@19c
" Shoulders "	13c
" Lard, ₩ lb	17@20c
SEEDS—Cloverseed ₩ bus	$7 00@7 25
" Timothyseed ₩ bus	$4 75
" Flaxseed "	$2 75
CATTLE—Beef Cattle ₩ lb	9@11c
" Cows, ₩ head	$35@50
SHEEP—₩ lb	8@9c
HOGS—₩ 100 lbs	$16@17 50

Marriages.

ROSHON—KELLER.—On the 24th ult., by Rev. J. A. Mellek, at the M. E. Parsonage, at Bloomsburg, Mr. J. B. Roshon to Miss Rebecca A. Keller, both of Sunbury Pa.

MORAS—WILLIAMS.—On the 6th inst., by the same at the same place Mr. Wm. Moras to Miss Barbara Williams, both of Bloomsburg Pa.

CAPLE—DRAKE.—On the 6th inst., by the same at the same place Mr. Geo. Caple to Miss Elizabeth Drake, both of Hemlock twp., this county.

DECKER—SWARTWOOD.—On the 4th inst., at the residence of S. G. Miller in Falls Lycoming Co., by Rev. J. M. Price, Mr. Silas Decker of Sussex N. J. to Miss Kate L. Swartwood of the former place.

WALTER—FREDERICKS.—On the 4th inst., by Rev. E. P. Alleman, Mr. John L. Walter of Bloomsburg, to Miss Zenith Fredericks of Catawissa, Pa.

Deaths.

KLINE—On the 24 ult., in Orangeville, Susan D Kline, aged 31 years 9 months and 7 days.

COMSTOCK—On the 4th inst., in Orangeville, Mr. William Comstock, aged 57 years 11 months and 23 days.

WATTS—In Greenwood on the — of February Mrs. Sarah Agnes Watts wife of John K. Watts, age 39 years 3 months and 4 days.

KLINE—At Rohrsburg May 5th, 1869, Mrs. Kline, widow of Wm. Kline, aged 78 years 10 months and 16 days.

WILLIAM BAHME'S BOSOM SINKER FOR MILL STONES!
PATENTED DECEMBER 21, 1867.

Read the following from old experienced and enterprising millers:

MAHANOY CITY, Mar. 23, 1869.

This is to certify that I have used the Bahme Patent for sinking the bosom of Roaring mill stones, and find it, what it is recommended to be. I would therefore recomend it to all millers.

ISAAC MOLL.

Also strong testimonials from George W. Driesbach, Bloomsburg, Pa., Elias Snyder, Numedia, Pa., Jacob Heiser, Barnesville, Schuylkill co. Pa., all well known and honorable men.

STATE AND COUNTY RIGHTS FOR SALE BY WILLIAM BAHME, Numedia, Col. Co., Pa.

May 7, '69-1t

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm of Schuyler & Black doing business in Rohrsburg, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The accounts will be settled by Perry D. Black. All persons having unsettled accounts will please take notice.

JACOB SCHUYLER.
PERRY D. BLACK.

Rohrsburg Pa., May 1st 1869.

The business will be continued at the old stand by Perry D. Black, who proposes to do away with the credit system, and will sell very low for cash and ready pay. PERRY D. BLACK.

May 7, '69-3t

FARM FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale the farm situated in Orange township Columbia county Pa., about one mile from Orangeville containing 367 acres and 91 Perches, 250 acres of which are improved and the balance timbered with Oak, Chestnut and Yellow Pine. One orchard with choice fruit, one Dwelling House, and one Bank Barn and good water. For further particulars apply to JOHN CROUSE.

Lairdsville, Lycoming County Pa.

C. E. SAVAGE,
PRACTICAL WATCH MAKER & JEWELER,
Main Street, (near the Court House,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Constantly on hand a fine assortment of American and Swiss Watches, clocks, jewelry, silverware of the best description plated on white metal, consisting of butter dishes, goblets, knives, forks, spoons, napkin rings etc.

Masonic marks made to order. All goods and work warranted. [Jan. 1, '69.

C. H. HORNE. W. S. KING. J. B. SEYBERT.

HORNE, KING & SEYBERT,
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS,
No. 33 Market Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

Orders filled promptly at lowest
January 3, 1868.

CHAS. G. BARKLEY,
Attorney at Law,
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., PA.

Office in the Exchange Building, second story, over Widmyer & Jacoby's Confectionery. Second door above the Exchange Hotel
Bloomsburg, Jan. 1, 1869.

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY
has just returned from Philadelphia, and has bought, and is now offering the best assortment of

FANCY GOODS,
TRIMMINGS,
BONNETS &c, &c.,

ever exhibited in Bloomsburg, and is prepared to make up dresses and all other articles of female wardrobe, at short notice, and in the best and

LATEST SPRING STYLES.

Rooms in the Ramsey Buildings, on West Main Street. Call and see her varied stock of Spring Goods.

May 1, '68.

WHOOPING COUGH CURED BY DELEVAN'S CELEBRATED REMEDY.
☞ Price FIFTY Cents.
Prepared at Six and Wood Sts., Phila'd.
☞ Ask your Druggist for it. Feb. 5, '69-1yr.

A. H. IRVINE'S GREAT INDIAN MEDICINE.

USED FOR MORE THAN FORTY YEARS IN GERMANY

is the most successful medicine yet discovered for the cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Kidney Disease, Ague Fever, and disease of Lungs, and is made entirely of

ROOTS AND HERBS.

One dose will convince any one, who gives it a fair trial. No family should be without it. It is astonishing what cures it has effected in Centre and Briarcreek townships, also Huntingdon, and where it has been used, since last spring. People who have been afflicted with the above diseases for the last fifteen years, when no Physician could reach their case are now cured and healthy by using the

GREAT INDIAN MEDICINE.

It has never failed to cure Ague, Fever and Derangement of the Stomach.

I hope all who are afflicted with the above diseases will apply for the great INDIAN MEDICINE which can be had at A. H. IRVINE'S Medicine Store in Light Street Columbia county Pa., or of his general agent J. R. GORDNER. Agents wanted.

This medicine is prepared only by
A. H. IRVINE,
Light Street, Pa.

May 7, '69-1yr

THOSE WHO DESIRE Brilliancy of Complexion must purify and enrich the blood, which Helmbold's Concentrated Extract of Sarsaparilla invariably does. Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

To accommodate those who cannot attend our regular School, we are making arrangements for a special Term adapted to the wants of all grades of Teachers. Able Professors will give class drills and daily Lectures upon methods of teaching and management of Schools, and no pains will be spared to make the Institute eminently pleasant and profitable to all who attend. A cordial invitation is extended to County Superintendents and School Directors to visit the School. It will afford Directors a good opportunity to secure good teachers, and good teachers good positions. We will furnish text books for the benefit of the teachers excepting in cases where a teacher wishes to study some particular book; in which case they will bring their own. The expense for Board, Books and Tuition, will be five dollars per week and teachers can stay as long or short a time as their circumstances demand, though it is not desirable that any should join for less than one week. The Term will commence June 28th and continue until the opening of the Fall Term Aug. 9th inst.

For further information address
HENRY CARVER,
Principal of Bloomsburg State Normal School.
May 14, '69-3m

BOOK STORE.

The undersigned, having taken the rooms lately occupied by Dr. P. John, next door above the Exchange Hotel, would notify the citizens of the County that there will be constantly on hand a full assortment of

BOOKS, STATIONERY, AND WALL PAPER.

Also the various Magazines and Newspapers published in this county, orders for which will be promptly attended to.

THE CIRCULATING LIBRARY

which has been in existence for a year, calls for the stronger support of the community. The terms are reasonable, and additional subscribers are needed to justify an increase in the number of volumes.

The usual large stock of

NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS,

will be kept up and no pains spared to satisfy the wants of purchasers.

A. D. WEBB,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

May 14, '69-tf

NOTICE.

The undersigned having retired from business, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to him on Book account or note, to call and settle at an early day.

R. W. BOWMAN,
Orangeville, Pa.

May 14, '69-3t

MAY LIST AT I. W. HARTMAN'S.

IF YOU WANT CARPETS
FROM 87½ cts. TO $1.65
PER YARE GO TO I. W. HARTMAN'S.

IF YOU WANT BLACK
ALPACA FOM 25 cts. TO 50
PER YARD GO TO
I. W HARTMAN'S.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD
AND NICE SUMMER SHAWL
GO TO
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

IF YOU WANT FANCY
CLOTH FOR A SACK GO TO
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

IF YOU WANT A NICE
SET OF WHITE WARE GO TO
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

IF YOU WANT COCHECO
PRINTS FOR SPRING, STRIPE
AND BARRED, GO TO
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

IF YOU WANT STRIPE
COLLARS AND CUFFS FOR
LADIES OR GENTS GO TO
I. W. HARTMAN'S

IF YOU WANT A NICE
AND GOOD MACKERALBY THE
SINGLE, A HALF OR QUARTER
BARREL GO TO
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

IF YOU WANT DRESS
GOODS FROM 20 cts. TO $1.25
PER YARD STRIPE AND FIG'RD.
GO TO I. W. HARTMAN'S,

GET THE BEST
WEBSTER'S UNABRIDGED DICTIONARY.

3000 ENGRAVINGS; 1840 PAGES QUARTO. PRICE $12.

10,000 Words and Meanings not in other Dictionaries.

Viewed as a whole, we are confident that no other living language has a dictionary which so fully and faithfully sets forth its present condition as this last edition of Webster does that of our, written and spoken English tongue.—*Harpers Magazine.*

These three books are the sum total of great libraries.—The Bible, Shakspeare, and Webster's Royal Quarto.—*

The Columbian.

...20, FRIDAY, MAY 14, 1869.

A YOUNG man named John Thomas was arrested, on Monday night last, for assaulting a colored man with a billy.

THE street-sprinkler has got in operation again, much to the satisfaction of all who live or do business on Main street.

A LARGE force has been at work for some time opening and repairing Market Street. We wish the supervisors would repair the side walk leading to the Depot.

HEAD QUARTERS FOR BARGAINS,—If you want anything in the way of dry goods or fancy notions, call on M. Y. Lutz, he is receiving new goods every week and keeps his assortment complete.

WE have been requested to publish the testimony in the case of Commonwealth vs Duffy. As it is with a few exceptions a repetition of that taken in the case of Donahoe charged with the same crime, which we have already published, we refer our patrons to that.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.—The Columbia County Agricultural Society will meet at the Court House on Saturday, May 22nd at 2 P. M. for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year. By order of EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE. 2t

BRADLEY alludes to the recent trial of John Duffy for the murder of A. W. Yeas, as a "Democratic play." This slur upon the Court and upon the jury is entirely unwarranted by the facts, and cannot be too severely condemned. By the way, do you know Doctor that one of the men tried was of your own political faith?

THE POOR HOUSE.—All the paupers of Bloom township were removed to the farm on Saturday last, except two. Previous to this arrangement we were supporting 50 paupers, and now we have only five adults and seven children. Homes have already been found for three of the latter.

WE have been requested by a number of persons to announce their names as candidates for the different county offices to be filled this fall. We will do that next week. The candidates must send in their own names, accompanied by the usual fee of Three Dollars. We must insist on this as experience has shown that the defeated parties seldom pay.

ON Friday evening last the members of the Fire Department of this place, had a dress parade. They presented a fine appearance in their neat and showy uniforms and marched well. We hope before long that the town may be so supplied with water as to render them thoroughly efficient in case any of the numerous rattle-traps of buildings, which greatly abound, should threaten a general conflagration.

LAST week's *Republican* announced that on last Monday night Signor Blitz would perform for the benefit of the public in the Court House. This is a curvy trick played upon our legal friend Bartholomew, who on that occasion delivered a magnificent speech in the case of the Commonwealth vs. John Duffy. Neither ventriloquism, learned canary birds, or sleight of hand performance occurred.

WE have received several communications on the subject of local nominations, recommending on various grounds the choice of favorite men. We must decline to publish all articles of this sort. We aspire to be the representative of the *entire* party, and not the organ of any man or set of men. We will announce the names of all aspirants, but our columns are not open to the discussion of their merits or demerits; that is a question for the people, and not for us.

A CONGREGATIONAL meeting of the worshipers at St. Paul's Church will assemble in the Church, on Wednesday evening, May 19th, at 7½ o'clock. The object and purpose of the meeting is to secure payment of old, and procure new and additional subscriptions, to push on to completion the new Building. The Vestry earnestly hope and request that there be a full attendance, spirit, activity and energy displayed in the work somewhat commensurate with its importance. 2t

WE would mildly suggest to the Editor of the *Republican* that the list of County officers published in that paper, if intended for the information and guidance of the community, should be so corrected as to convey a slight idea of the truth, to wit: Peter K. Herbein is not Associate Judge, nor is L. B. Rupert Auditor, nor is W. H. Jacoby Mercantile Appraiser, nor R. F. Clark Assessor of Internal Revenue, nor are J. B. Diemer and Daniel McHenry Assistant Assessors. No charge for the suggestion.

UNFAIR.—The *Republican* is ungenerous in trying to create the impression that we acted unfairly in distributing pamphlet copies of the 'Rea Homicide.' We did *not* wait until the evidence for the Commonwealth was closed. The books did not come out until Thursday morning, and we at once supplied the Court and counsel with copies, and are gratified to know that the book was of essential service to both sides in the trial of the cause. We distributed them among the people that evening by permission of the Court, the jury having been empanneled and sworn. Besides, at no time could the book have worked any harm, because it gave the testimony on *both* sides, without partiality.

WE are rapidly selling the remaining copies of the pamphlet containing an account of the Rea Homicide. As this is the most remarkable murder trial that ever took place in our neighborhood, we have printed the evidence entire taken before Judge Kline on *Habeas Corpus* proceeding, as well as that taken on the trial of the cause. We also give the particulars attending the empanelling of the jury, and the charge of Judge Elwell to the Jury. It is an interesting pamphlet of 92 pages, and should be in the hands of all our readers, that they may form an intelligent opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the prisoners. Sent by mail, if requested. Agents wanted. Retail price 25 cents.

BRYANT'S Menagerie & Circus will exhibit at Bloomsburg on Wednesday May 26th. For particulars see the advertisement in another column. 2t

THE following appointments of Assistant Assessors have been made for this county. M. G. Hughes, Catawissa; M. C. McCollum, Espy; Richard Stiles, Benton.

THE following simple method of destroying that fatal enemy to our most valuable fruit, the curculio, we clip from an exchange: "As soon as the blossoms have fallen off, take some oat straw, and place it on some coals in an iron pan or bucket, give the trees a complete smoking by holding it under them while the dew is yet on. Repeat this in the course of a week. This repeated two or three times will not fail to insure a good crop of fruit."

THE NEW MILITIA LAW.—We publish for the benefit of our readers the new militia law as lately enacted. Under the act of 1858 the militia tax is 50 cents, except in the county of Dauphin where by a special act of last winter, the tax was raised to one dollar, and in Philadelphia where the tax is two dollars.

"That the minimum for all volunteer military organizations of all arms of the service is hereby fixed at thirty-two non-commissioned officers and privates except when called into actual service, when the minimum shall be the same as now required by law."

A SENSIBLE LAW.—The following act for the more effectual prevention of burglary and larceny, was passed by the Legislature a few days since: That all sales, pledges, or other disposition of coupons, bonds, stocks, money, or other property acquired by burglary or larceny heretofore or hereafter made, are hereby declared to be unlawful and void; and no title to any purchaser, pledge or other receiver thereof, shall be held to pass thereby, but the title of the owner thereof shall be adjudged to be and remain unaffected, and not to have been divested by such burglary or larceny of such sale, pledge or disposition thereof.

THE New York *Independent* has broken out in a new place, it says: "Under the present auspices at Washington (unless we greatly misjudge the signs of the times,) the Republican party will gradually grow weaker and weaker, and their opponents steadily stronger and stronger. The moral sympathy which formerly united the Republican ranks into an irresistible phalanx is now becoming dull and chill in each man's breast. The elected leader cares for no great idea, and does not seem to suspect that his party is at this moment beginning to fall off from him because he is lifted to a station which is one plane too high for his genius."

IT is a little singular that while we have been grumbling (we must always grumble at the weather)—it's "the correct thing" at our remarkably open, warm and rainy winter the interior of the country has had an unusual amount of snow. Canada, indeed, records it as an extraordinary winter for snow, though the cold has not been very severe. The average Canadian snow-fall for twenty years has been 79.50 inches; in 1861, a very snowy year, it was 96.58 inches, while between October and March of this past winter there fell 165.86 inches. The facts of meteorology accumulate like snow-drifts, and seem just about as easy to systematize. We know what happens: but who knows why?

BY reference to the Lawrence County *Democrat & Gazette*, we observe that the surviving members of Battery "B" 1st Light Artillery P.R.V.C. had a grand reunion recently at New Castle and effected a permanent organization. Orations, speeches, a magnificent dinner, toasts, etc., were the order of the day, and many old battles were fought over again. Among the names of those present we recognize the familiar ones of Cooper, M'Clelland, Nesbit and others. It would have given us much pleasure to have again met our old companions in arms, and we hope to be able to do so on some future occasion.

By the way, why cannot we get up a similar organization in Columbia County? We have ample material here, and a reunion would prove exceedingly pleasant. We would suggest to the old officers of the "Iron Guards" the propriety of taking the initiative in this matter.

Local Notices.

THE increasing number of sudden and unexpected deaths occurring in our midst, warn us to secure some certain sum for the benefit of our families should the Destroying Angel visit us. There is no better way than to take out a policy in the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, the oldest and wealthiest Company in the United States. Assets thirty-two millions of dollars. F. COOLEY, Agent, Columbian Office.

MARVELOUS INDUSTRY.—It is scarcely necessary at this day to say anything in praise of *Webster's Unabridged Quarto Dictionary*, 1840 pages, and 3000 engravings. Having come into possession of a copy of the latest edition, we cannot refrain from expressing our admiration at the *marvelous industry and learning* which such a book must have called into demand. In the book line, this Dictionary deserves a place amongst the triumphs of the century. The publishers' part of this ponderous volume has been done with a beauty and substantialness which also deserve special commendation. "Reading the Dictionary," with this edition of Webster before you, is exceedingly interesting pastime. A copy of it must certainly be considered to belong to the appointments of every intelligent family. Its cost is $12, but it is cheap at that price. —*Moravian.*

WE are requested by the Poor House Commissioners to state that they have decided to continue the proposals for buildings on the farm. If the contractor prefers the Commissioners will agree to deliver the brick on the ground at $11,00 per thousand.

CORN and Buckwheat. Before planting, every farmer should send his name and post office address to Breinig & Helfrich, Allentown, Pa., to receive, free of charge, their valuable *Manure Guide*.

Court Proceedings.

MAY 6TH, 1869.

Court met at 8:30 a. m. agreeably to adjournment.

Shuman & Millard vs Conyngham twp. To 49 Dec, T. 1868. On motion of J. H. James, Esq., Court order the adjudgment in the above case be amended so as to read "judg't $740.33, instead of $732.42 against Def't as it now stands.'

In the matter of the account of Wm. Longenberger Exr. of Geo. Longenberger, dec'd. On motion of Mr. Little the exceptions are struck off and account confirmed absolutely.

The following Deeds were acknowledged in open Court:

Deed from Sheriff to Abraham Snyder for lot of ground in Espy, Columbia county sold as the property of Edward C. Green. Consideration $600.

Deed from Sheriff to W. H. Reinbold for lot of ground in Bor. of Centralia, sold as the peoperty of Henry Fisher. Consideration $500.

Deed from Sheriff to John J. Gearhart for two acres more or less, situate in Main twp. Sold as the property of Christian T. Harman. Consideration $500.

In the matter of the account of Jas. McAlarney one of the Executors of Geo. Longenberger dec'd. On motion of E. H. Little, the said account is confirmed absolutely.

In the matter of the estate of Leonard Stineman dec'd. On motion of Mr. Clark, George S. Coleman, appointed Auditor to distribute the balance in the hands of the Administrator among the persons entitled thereto.

MAY 7TH.

Court met agreeably to adjourament at 8:30 a. m.

In the matter of the valuation & sale of the real estate of J Ballor, late of Montour twp. On motion of Mr. Hurley, Court appointed Geo. S. Coleman Aud. to ascertain whether there are any liens or other incumbrances on the real estate of decedent affecting the interest of any of the parties interested in the est.

In the matter of the petition of Elwood Hughes guardian of minor children, heirs of Jacob Hill. Samuel Knorr Esq., appointed to take testimony and report facts.

The following reports of roads were confirmed *nisi* May 4th. Report of view in Fishing Creek and Orange townships near John Musselman's.

Report of view in Greenwood near Sereno and Iola.

Report of review in Greenwood near A. P. Young's.

Report of review in Benton twp. near Elizabeth Kline's.

Report of view in Benton near Joel Keefer's.

Report of view in Bloom (alley) near O. A. Jacoby's.

Report of view in Bloom (Market Street) near O. A. Jacoby's.

On the petition for a bridge in Hemlock twp. near Sylvester Pursel's. The Grand Jury report that they find the said balege to be necessary and recommend the same for a county bridge.—Approved by the Court May 4th.

On the petition for a bridge in Franklin twp. over Roaringcreek. The Grand Jury report that they do not find the said bridge to be necessary.

In the matter of the report of the Poor House Commissioners of their action in purchasing a farm for the purposes of said Poor House &c. May 5th the Court upon consideration of the premises give its assent to the purchase.

In the Orphans' Court were the following matters not before reported.

In the matter of the petition for an Auditor to distribute the estate of Geo. McMichael dec'd. May 3d C. G Barkley appointed Auditor.

May 3, 1869. Jacob Stine appointed guardian of Charles and Hannah Stine. Bail required in $1000 to each ward and Daniel Stine approved as surety.

Kate P. Reifsnyder appointed guardian of minor children of C. B. Reifsnyder dec'd. Bail $4000 to each ward Geo. Scott appointed surety.

Freas Brown appointed guardian of minor children of H. W. Creasy dec'd. Bail in $3000 to each ward. Samuel Creasy approved as surety.

Esther Sterner appointed guardian of minor children of Charles Sterner dec'd. Bond in $100 to each ward. I. W. Hartman approved as surety.

Isaiah W. McKelvy appointed guardian of W. Harry Sloan, William M. Sloan and Mary H. Sloan. Bail in $10,000 to each ward. Wm. Neal and Morris C. Sloan approved as sureties.

In the matter of the petition for allowance to the minor children of O. P. Runyan dec'd. Ordered by the Court that the prayer of petitioner be granted.

In the matter of the petition for additional allowance to Harriet Cornelison minor child of Geo. W. Cornelison dec'd, the Court order one dollar per month additional for the support of said minor.

In the matter of the petition for sale of the real estate of minor children of Henry Bauman dec'd. W. H. Abbott appointed Auditor to report facts.

In the matter of application for sale of the real estate of the minor children of C. B. Reifsnyder dec'd. W. H. Abbott, Esq. appointed Auditor to report facts.

In the matter of the petition for sale of the real estate of the minor children of B. F. Cole dec'd, the Court appointed E. R. Ikeler, Esq. Auditor to report facts, &c.

In the matter of the petition of Frank P. Myer, guardian of Franklin M. Berger, for confirmation of sale of real estate of said minor, the Court order that the said sale be ratified, approved and confirmed and the said Frank P. Myer is directed to acknowledge said deed in open Court.

In the matter of the petition for sale of real estate of Hester Grett dec'd. Sale ordered, bond in $800.

Petition for the sale of real estate of William Carnahan. Sale ordered.

On motion of Mr. Brockway sale of the real estate of John Bitner, decreed by the Court.

Petition for Partition and valuation of the real estate of Eli Creveling dec'd. Inquest awarded.

Petition for Partition of the real estate of Henry H. Fritz dec'd. Inquest awarded.

Petition for Partition of the real estate of John Rauch dec'd. Inquest awarded and Peter Heimbach appointed guardian *ad litem* of Elizabeth Rauch.

Report of the sale of the real estate of L. E. Fowler dec'd. Confirmed *nisi*.

Report of sale of the real estate of John Clave dec'd. Confirmed *nisi*.

Report of sale the real estate of Chas. H. Hess dec'd. Confirmed *nisi*.

Return of Inquest on the estate of Joseph Pilkington dec'd. Confirmed *nisi*.

The following accounts were confirmed by the Court May 5th.

Acc't of S. D. Rinard Committee of Deborah Dean (Lunatic.)

Acct of Martha Raup, adm'r of Geo. Raup dec'd.

Acct of Aaron Boon, guard'n of Sam. W. Boone.

Acct of Michael Brobst executor of Elizabeth Bensinger dec'd.

Acct of M. F. Eyerly, adm'r of L. S. Stineman dec'd.

Acct of S. H. Miller, guardian of Loretta Hartzel.

Acct of S. H. Miller, guard'n of Almina Wanig.

Account of S. H. Miller, guardian of Elizabeth Gross.

Acct of Rolandus Blank and W. M. Klinetob adm'rs of Samuel Blank.

Acct of Daniel Baylor, adm'r of Elizabeth Baylor dec'd.

Rudolph Shuman vs George Shuman et al. Return of Inquest, confirmed absolutely and Rule on parties in interest to appear at first day of next term and elect to take at the appraisement or show cause why sale shall not be made.

MAY 8TH.

In the matter of the real estate of Peter K. Herbein, dec'd, Mr. Brockway presented the petition of Daniel Morris for the specific Performance of contract. Court granted a rule upon the parties in interest to appear and show cause why a decree should not be granted.

In the matter of the real estate of Jeremiah Kline, dec'd, Mr. Brockway presented the petition of A. J. Kline for the Specific Performance of contract. Court granted a rule similar to above.

In the matter of the petition for charter for the Co-operative Relief Association of Columbia county, the Court order the petition to be filed and notice of the application to be published in one newspaper published in the county for at least three weeks before the first day of next term.

In the matter of the petition for charter for the Odd Fellows Building Association of Berwick. It appearing to the Court that notice has been published or directed at last term, and no sufficient reason being shown to the contrary it is decreed that said Association become and be a body politic

In the matter of the application for charter for the Rescue Fire Company, No. 2, of Bloomsburg, it was granted and decreed as the above.

In the matter of the application of the citizens of Espy, Columbia county, for the incorporation of said place into a borough organization, the Grand Jury report that they find it to be unnecessary that the said village be incorporated.

MAY 10TH.

It is ordered and directed by the Court that when the Court adjourns it is to meet on the 24th day of June next. And it is further ordered that at September term next, the term will be two weeks and that venires be issued for the drawing of thirty-six jurors in the Oyer and Terminer, Quarter Sessions and Common Pleas for each week of said term.

LEGAL NOTICES.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF ABRAHAM MUSSELMAN DEC'D.
Letters of administration on the estate of Abraham Musselman late of Scott twp. Columbia Co. deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to O. P. Ent of Scott, twp. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent are requested to make them known, and those indebted to make payment.
Apr. 9,'69-6t. O. P. ENT, Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF PHILIP M. STEELY, DEC'D.
Letters of administration on the estate of Philip M. Steely, late of Mifflinville, Columbia County, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county, to D. K. Schweppenheiser of the same place. All persons having claims or demands against the said estate are requested to present them for settlement without delay, and those indebted to make payment.
May 7, '69-6t * I. K. SCHWEPPENHEISER, Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF ISAAC OLIVER, DECEASED.
Letters of administration on the estate of Isaac Oliver, late of Greenwood township Columbia County, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said County, to Mathias Kindt administrator, who resides in Mt. Pleasant township. All persons having claims or demands against the said estate are requested to present them for settlement without delay, and those indebted to make payment.
Apr. 9,'69-6t. MATHIAS KINDT, Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF JEREMIAH KLINE, DEC'D
Letters of administration on the estate of Jeremiah Kline late of Jackson twp, Columbia Co, deceased, have been granted by the Register of Columbia county to W. H. ENT of Scott township. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent are requested to make them known, and those indebted to make payment.
Apr.16,'69-6t. W. H. ENT, Administrator

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF GEORGE BREISCH, DECEASED.
Letters of administration on the estate of George Breisch late of Catawissa twp, Columbia co., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Joseph Breisch of Catawissa twp. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent are requested to make them known, and those indebted to make payment.
Apr. 23,'69-6t. JOSEPH BREISCH, Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF PETER K. HERBEIN, DEC'D.
Letters of administration on the estate of Peter K. Herbein of Locust township, Columbia county, dec'd., have been granted by the Register of said county, to Rolandus Herbein of Locust. All persons having claims or demands against the decedent are requested to make them known, and those indebted to make payment.
Apr. 30,'69-6t. ROLANDUS HERBEIN, Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF WILLIAM M. ENT DECEASED.
Letters of administration on the estate of Wm. M. Ent, late of Scott township, Columbia co., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to PeterEnt of said township. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent are requested to make them known, and those indebted to make payment.
Apr.30,'69- PETER ENT, Administrator.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF JACOB JOHNSON DEC'D.
Letters testamentary on the estate of Jacob Johnson, late of Mt. Pleasant township, Columbia county have been granted by the Register of Columbia County to John Johnson of Mt. Pleasant twp, Columbia county Pa. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them for E. R. Ikeler, of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pa. Those indebted to the estate either on note, judgment, mortgage or book account will make payment to the Executor without delay.
Apr. 9,'69. JOHN JOHNSON, Executor.

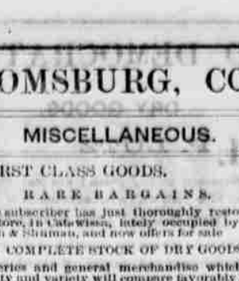
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.
Will be sold by the undersigned Executor of the last will and Testament of Wm. Wardin late of Centre township in the county of Columbia deceased. All that certain messuage and tract of land situated in Centre township Columbia county, adjoining lands of Samuel Creveling, George W. Shaffer, Charles Lee and David Lee, containing
ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY ACRES
more or less, actual amount to be ascertained by Survey, about one hundred and thirty acres of which is improved and in a good state of cultivation, and balance well timbered. Whereon is erected,
ONE FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,
One Plank dwelling House, a large bank Barn Wagon Shed, Corn Cribs, Pig Sty Two good Wells of Water, one at the barn and the other at the Plank House, and a good spring of never failing water at the frame dwelling house with spring house.
Terms made known by application either to the undersigned, or Edward M. Wardin Bloomsburg Columbia county Pa.
Possession of said premises will be given April 1st, 1870.
If the above property is not sold on or before the 12th day of June next, the same will be exposed to public sale on the premises.
JAMES WARDIN, Executor,
Apr.23,69-2m Weatherly, Carbon Co., Pa.,

PRIVATE SALE.
OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE
The undersigned, Executor of Cyrus Fry, late of Bloom township deceased, offers at private sale a certain house and lot, situated in Bloomsburg, on Rock Street, bounded by lots of I. W. & H. C. Hartman, and by another lot belonging to said estate, containing seventy-three feet front. The terms are reasonable, and possession will be given within thirty days after the sale.
I. S. KUHN, Executor.
Apr.30,69-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

FIRST CLASS GOODS.
RARE BARGAINS.
The subscriber has just thoroughly restocked his Store, in Cole Wiess, lately occupied by M. Ninch & Shuman, and now offers for sale
A COMPLETE STOCK OF DRY GOODS,
Groceries and general merchandise which for quality and variety will compare favorably with any in the country. He has a fresh assortment of
SPRING GOODS
which he will dispose of for cash or country produce. Among his Dry Goods will be found all the latest and best patterns of
MUSLINS,
GINGHAMS,
CALICOES,
FLANNELS,
SHAWLS,
SILKS,
CASSIMERES,
RIGA DE LOTHS,
COTTONADES,
JEANS &c., &c.
GROCERIES,
GLASSWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
HARDWARE
CEDARWARE
DRUGS, OILS,
PAINTS,
VARNISHES &c.
HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES
and, in fact, a complete line of goods, belonging to his business. As he buys and sells for cash he can afford to keep his prices as low if not lower than most dealers. His motto is
"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS."
COAL OF ALL KINDS
Constantly on hand and for sale at the lowest market rates.
MORO PHILLIPS PHOSPHATE,
Especial attention paid to the selection of Building material, Cutlery, Mechanics' Tools, and Hardware of all kinds, to which the attention of builders and others is requested.
GRAIN PURCHASED.
A fair share of public custom is desired and no efforts will be omitted to give entire satisfaction.
JOSEPH B. KNITTLE.
Apr. 16,69 6m Catawissa, Pa.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST!



THE SINGER SEWING MACHINE
HEADS THE LIST.
And leads the column 4,988 ahead of all others. This Machine is the
MOST POPULAR IN USE.
It uses the finest needle of any Machine in existence,
Any lady wanting a good
SEWING MACHINE,
Will consult her own interests by buying a SINGER. It is easier to run, learn and keep in order than any Machine in the world.
OVER 550,000 OF THEM IN USE.
The fullest instruction given those who purchase, and the Machine WILL BE WARRANTED to you for one year.
Please call at my Store and satisfy yourselves. Here you will find Needles, Thread and Silk.
April 3,'69-tf. DAVID LOWENBURG, Agent Bloomsburg, Pa.

A FARMER'S BOOK OF GREAT VALUE.
HOW TO MAKE THE FARM PAY!
OR THE FARMER'S BOOK
OF PRACTICAL INFORMATION
ON AGRICULTURE, STOCK RAISING, FRUIT CULTURE, SPECIAL CROPS, DOMESTIC ECONOMY AND FAMILY MEDICINE.
BY C. W. DICKERMAN,
Member of the Pennsylvania Agricultural Society, American Pomological Society, Pennsylvania Horticultural Society, etc., etc.
ASSISTED BY HON. CHARLES L. FLINT, Secretary Mass., State Board of Agriculture, AND OTHER PRACTICAL AGRICULTURAL WRITERS.
THIS USEFUL WORK
TREATS PRACTICALLY OF THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS:
The Laying Out and Construction of Stone and Tile Drains.—The Theory and Practice of Plowing.—The Husbanding and Application of Manures.—The Purchase and Use of Commercial Fertilizers.—The Selection, Use and Care of Implements.—The Culture of all the Grains, Grasses, Cereals, and Roots.—The Cultivation of Special Crops, such as, Cotton, Tobacco, Hops, Flax, Hemp, etc., etc.—The Breeding and Management of Stock of all kinds, Horses, Cattle, Dairy Stock, Sheep, Swine, Goats, Poultry, and Bees.—The Symptoms of every Disease of Domestic Animals, with Plain, Simple, and Easily Obtained Remedies.—Fruit Culture in all its Branches: Apples, Pears, Peaches, Plums, Cherries, Small Fruits, Grape Culture, and Wine Making.—Market Gardening, Farmers' Gardens, Vegetables, Melons, etc.—Farm Buildings, Houses, Barns, Sheds, Sheep Barns, Stables, Pig-sties and Poultry Houses.—Domestic Economy, Receipts of all Kinds.—Domestic Medicines, the Symptoms of Diseases of Children and Adults, with Plain Directions for the Treatment of Diseases.
CONDITIONS.
The Work will contain over SEVEN HUNDRED AND FIFTY OCTAVO PAGES, on heavy paper, in new type, and will be illustrated with over
ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY FINE ENGRAVINGS
by Sartain and other artists, and will be furnished to those only who order it of our agents.
M. C. M'COLLUM, Bloomsburg Pa.
Agent for Columbia County.
Apr. 2,69-tf

FOR SALE.
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.
The subscribers offer at private sale, a valuable tract of land lying in Orange township, Columbia county, about one half mile from
LIGHT STREET:
on the public road leading to Orangeville; and known as the Powder Mill Farm, and containing about
SEVENTY ACRES OF LAND,
of which Fifty acres is cleared, and under good cultivation. There are on the premises
A COMFORTABLE DWELLING HOUSE,
a Frame Stable, some fruit trees, a spring of good water, and the District School House.
PRICE EIGHTEEN HUNDRED DOLLARS.
TERMS.—One third cash, and the balance secured by Bond and Mortgage, on payments to suit purchasers.
Nota Bene:—The water power formerly used to drive the Powder Mill, and suitable for a Saw Mill, Tannery, Woollen Factory, Distillery or other light manufacturing purposes; will be sold either with the above or separately at 2500 on the same terms.
Mar.12,'68-3m. WELLINGTON H. ENT, JOHN G. FREEZE. Bloomsburg, Pa.

PUMPS! PUMPS FOR SALE.
The undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of this place and vicinity that he is prepared to furnish, at short notice, one of the best WOOLEN PUMPS for Wells and Cisterns ever offered to the public. They are guaranteed to throw more water in less time and with less labor than any other pump in this part of the country, and they cannot be surpassed for beauty or finish, or simplicity of arrangement, also combining cheapness and durability. Each pump being warranted to perform its work well or no sale. Also Shuman is agent for Columbia county. Price 75 cents per foot ... xed in the well. Orders by mail or otherwise ... promptly attended to.
Sept, 4,'68-1y ELIAS SHUMAN, Catawissa Pa.

NEW FURNITURE ROOMS,
ON M IN STREET, BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A,
JAMES CADMAN
Respectfully informs the citizens of this town and vicinity, that he has at his Furniture rooms, chairs of every description, bureaus, dining tables large and small, bedsteads of the latest styles and at toilet tables, looking glasses, besides many other articles of furniture of first class manufacture.
The public are cordially invited to call and examine his stock. He will sell upon reasonable terms.
☞ Special attention will be paid to repairing all kinds of furniture. Cheap for cash. [Jan. 1,'69.

DISSOLUTION
OF PARTNERSHIP.
Notice is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore existing between James S. M'Ninch & Jeremiah S. Shuman, in the mercantile business in Catawissa, has been dissolved by limitation of time. The books are at the old stand, where all persons having unsettled accounts, are requested to call and close them up without delay.
JAMES S. M'NINCH,
J. S. SHUMAN.
Catawissa Apr. 19, 1869-tf

QUANTITY vs QUALITY. HELMBOLD'S Extract Sarsaparilla. The dose is small. Those who desire a large quantity and large doses of medicine ERR.

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY.
The undersigned, desiring to retire from active business, offers for sale his
VALUABLE FOUNDRY & MACHINE SHOP,
located near the Depot, on the Lackawanna & Bloomsburg R. R. The main building is a large brick 50 by 90 feet with a slate roof, and other buildings attached. There is also connected with it
ONE ACRE OF GROUND.
ALSO, all the patterns, stock, a 25 horse power engine, and the material usually found in a first-class Foundry. It is a first rate opening, and the purchaser can secure an unlimited amount of home patronage. Terms easy. Apply in person or by letter to PETER HILLMEYER.
Apr.9,'69-tf. Bloomsburg Pa.

MERCHANDISE.

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.
Fresh arrival of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
DAVID LOWENBURG
Invites attention to his stock of
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING
at his store on
Main Street, two doors above the American House Bloomsburg, Pa.,
where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of
MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
including the most fashionable, durable, and handsome
DRESS GOODS,
consisting of
BOX, SACK, BECO, GUM, AND OIL-CLOTH COATS AND PANTS,
of all sorts, sizes and colors. He has also replenished his already large stock of
FALL AND WINTER SHAWLS,
STRIPED, FIGURED, AND PLAIN VESTS,
SHIRTS, CRAVATS, STOCKS, COLLARS,
HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS, AND FANCY ARTICLES
He has constantly on hand a large and well-selected assortment of
CLOTHS AND VESTINGS,
which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear, and most of it is of home manufacture.
GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
of every description, fine and cheap. His case of jewelry is not surpassed in this place. Call and examine his general assortment of
CLOTHING, WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.
DAVID LOWENBURG.

MERCHANDISE.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN
To my friends and the public generally, that all kinds of
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
NOTIONS, &C.,
are constantly on hand and for sale
AT BARTON'S OLD STAND,
BLOOMSBURG, BY
JAMES K. EYER.
☞ Also, Sole Agent for ELLIS' PHOSPHATE OF LIME. Large lot constantly on hand. [feb6'67.

H. C. HOWER,
has opened a first-class
BOOT, SHOE, HAT CAP, AND FUR STORE,
at the old stand on Main Street, Bloomsburg, a few doors above the Court House. His stock is composed of the very latest and best styles ever offered to the citizens of Columbia County. He can accommodate the public with the following goods at the lowest rates. Men's heavy double soled stoga boots, men's double and single tap soled kip boots, men's heavy stoga shoes of all kinds, men's fine boots and shoes of all grades, boy's double soled boots and shoes of all kinds, men's glove Kid Balmoral shoes, men's, women's, boys's and misses' lasting gaiters, women's glove kid Polish very fine, women's morocco Balmorals and calf shoes, women's very fine kid buttoned gaiters. In short boots of all descriptions both pegged and sewed.
He would also call attention to his fine assortment of
HATS, CAPS, FURS AND NOTIONS.
which comprises all the new and popular varieties at prices which cannot fail to suit all. Those goods are offered at the lowest cash rates and will be guaranteed to give satisfaction. A call is solicited before purchasing elsewhere as it is believed that better bargains are to be found than at any other place in the county.
Dec. 6'67*

BAUGH'S RAW BONE SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME.
STANDARD WARRANTED.
WE offer to FARMERS and DEALERS in Manures the present season our Raw Bone Super Phosphate of Lime as being highly improved.
It is not necessary at this day, to argue the claims of this manure, as a useful and economical application for CORN, OATS, and all spring crops. The article has a reputation of over fifteen years standing, and is still manufactured by the original proprietors.
Farmers will please send their orders to the Dealer early, as this only will ensure a supply.
BAUGH & SONS,
SOLE MANUFACTURERS,
Office No. 20 South Delaware Ave,
PHILADELPHIA.
Feb.19,'69-3mo.

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
M. C. SLOAN & BROTHER
the successors of
WILLIAM SLOAN & SON
continue the business of making
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,
and every style of
FANCY WAGONS,
which they have constantly on hand to suit customers. Never using any material but the best and employing the most experienced workmen they hope to continue as heretofore to give entire satisfaction to every customer. An inspection of their work, and of the reasonable price asked for he same, is sure to insure a sale.
May 5,'69-tf

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Wyoming	$150,000
Ætna	4,000,000
Fulton	300,000
North America	500,000
City	400,000
International	1,000,000
Niagara	1,000,000
Putnam	500,000
Merchants	250,000
Springfield	500,000
Farmers' Danville	500,000
Albany City	400,000
Lancaster City	200,000
York Horse, Death & Theft	60,000
Home, New Haven	1,000,000
Danville, Horse Theft	

FREAS BROWN, *Agent*,
mar8 69-1y. BLOOMSBURG, PA

MAJOR E. S. ARTMAN. C. B. DILLINGER. M. MOSS.
ARTMAN, DILLINGER & CO.,
NO. 101 NORTH THIRD ST. PHILADELPHIA.
Two Doors above Arch formerly 220,
MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS IN
CARPETS, COTTONS YARNS, BATTING, OIL CLOTHS, CARPET CHAINS, CORDAGE, OIL SHADES, GRAIN BAGS, TIE YARN, WICK YARN, WINDOW PAPER, COVERETS,
—ALSO,—
WILLOW AND WOODEN WARE,
BROOMS, BRUSHES, LOOKING GLASSES, TRUNKS
Feb. 5,'69

BEWARE OF THE IMPOSTER.
I hereby warn all persons of the United States against purchasing any Right of my "Fruit Tree and Vine Insect Destroyer and Invigorator," Of John Ahearn of Baltimore. As he is an Imposter and a scoundrel, and has no right except a copy of a Deed and Letters Patent, stolen by him from the table of Bernard Carter in Baltimore on the 5th day of June 1868.
Mr. E. J. Phillips of St. Nicholas Schuylkill Co is the only lawful owner of the right for North'd Montour, Columbia, Carbon, Northampton and Bucks Counties in the State of Penn'a.
BENJAMIN BEST,
Feb. 19,'69-3mo. Patentee.

HENRY WOLF, E. C. BARTON.
(Successors to S. C. Shive.)
THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVING
Leased the Planing Mill and Machine Shop formerly occupied by S. C. Shive, will continue the business of manufacturing
DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, MOULDING,
Brackets &c. We are also prepared to furnish dressed flooring, shingles and all other lumber required in the construction of buildings. All kinds of turning done at short notice. Bills for joist and other frame stuff filled with promptness and care. Orders respectfully solicited.
April 17,'68 WOLF & BARTON.

1,000 MEN WANTED
$50 per week profit on $5 Capital. Something entirely new. Send for circular and Terms. No gift enterprise or humbug. Address M. J. Yarnell, 86 Cannon Street, N. Y.
Feb. 26,'69-3m.

GEORGE FOELKER & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
WOODEN & WILLOW WARE, YARNS,
Oil-Cloths, Wicks, Tw ines, Baskets, etc., etc.
249 & 251 Market St. & 246 Church St., Philada.
June 5,'68.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED
By Dr. C. C. Garrison's new process of treatment. Call or address by C. C. GARRISON, 211 South EIGHTH street, Philadelphia, Pa.
P.S.—Special attention given to THROAT and LUNG Diseases. Feb. 5,'69-1yr.

DRUGS & MEDICINES.

LOOK, READ, AND LEARN,
THAT THE
Great Shoshonees Remedy!
OF THE CELEBRATED INDIAN
DR. LEWIS JOSHEPHUS,
of the distinguished Tribe of Shoshonees, Columbia Territory is now for sale in the Union.
This all possessing great remedy, is warranted and in broad and emphatic language, we can safely say, may be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidne

Farmer's Department.

Sows Destroying their young.

EDITOR TELEGRAPH,—I have lately seen several inquiries in different papers for some remedy to prevent sows from destroying their young pigs, and various methods have been proposed from time to time to prevent this occurrence. Many reasons have been assigned for this propensity of the sow to destroy her young at the time they are brought forth; but whatever the cause may be I suppose makes but little difference provided the results are prevented.

So far as I have observed sows seem much more inclined to destroy their pigs in cold than in warm weather; also, that where they were allowed to run out in a lot in warm weather they were less liable to do this than when closel yconfined in pens. Many sows at the time they bring forth their young, manifest a very savage disposition, not only to their pigs but to any person who approaches them, and in these cases the pigs are generally destroyed, unless they can be removed out of the reach of the sow. When the sow is naturally quiet and peaceable, or is made so by artificial means at this time there is but very little danger of the young ones being killed.

One of the most successful men in raising pigs that I have ever known, and that for a period of more than thirty years, practices the following plan with his sows: From the time they are small pigs he is in the habit of going into the pen and handling them frequently. In this way they soon become gentle and peaceable and allow themselves to be handled at any time and any way without being afraid. His sows raised in this way seldom show a disposition to injure their pigs; but sometimes this disposition manifests itself and then he resorts to artificial means to make them quiet. His method is this: At the time the pigs are dropped or just before, he takes about four quarts of sour or hard cider and stirs in some meal and gives it to them to eat; they will eat it readily, and this generally produces a sufficient degree of intoxication to keep them quiet. If one feed does not have the desired effect he gives them more. Treated in this way, his sows seldom or ever show a disposition to injure their pigs. This is a cheap remedy and easily given, and almost every one who raises pigs has or can obtain the cider and meal. Other persons who have practiced the above methods with their sows have been quite successful in raising their pigs.—*Germantown Telegraph.*

THE FARMER'S DOOR YARD.—"I do wish you would take hold to-day, and clear up that old pile of rubbish out there," says the farmer's wife to her husband, as the two stand in the doorway contemplating the miscellaneous mass of old lumber, tools and vehicles in the yard.

"Can't stop now," is the answer.—"There is some brush wants cutting in the pasture." So shouldering his axe he starts for his pasture lot, leaving his wife still gazing with dissatisfied air upon the spectacle before her, and vainly wishing that she had a man's strength so that she could do the work herself, and fix up things around the house.

Having made all things neat and tidy in the house, she does not relish the looks out of doors.

But she fails to interest her husband in the matter, for it is handy to have a place in the yard where he could throw down boards, slabs and old timbers, to lie until they are used. It is so much easier to tip up that old sleigh against the shed than to put it away under cover. It is so little trouble to leave the harrow, the cultivator, the hay-rack, at the door where they can be easily found the next time they are wanted. He will clear up things sometime, he says; so he continually postpones the work of putting in order until such a time as he shall have nothing else to do, and as a natural consequence it is never done.

Finally, he becomes so accustomed to the sight of rubbish that it ceases to look repulsive, and he takes it as a matter of course that a farmer's yard is the best place for all the old rubbish that accumulates about the premises.

There are a few things that the farmer can do in a short space of time which will be so gratifying to his faithful wife as a little extra effort to keep things in order about the house.

Besides this, it will do more than please her, it benefits himself. It will develop a taste for neatness and regularity, a regard for appearances, carefulness in the details of all the farm management, which will add to the attractiveness of the place, and consequently to its market value.

THE KITCHEN GARDEN.—It is a matter of astonishment that so many farmers appear to be indifferent to the kitchen garden. There are many vegetables like celery, lettuce, asparagus, rhubarb, and many others that might be named that are absolutely indispensable in their season, upon every well supplied table. They are healthful as well as palatable, and no farmer should deprive his family of an abundant supply of them. Besides, the garden, if conveniently located, as it should be, near the house, need not occupy an unreasonable amount of time, but offers a place where many an odd hour may be filled up with pleasure as well as with profit. There is no estimating the saving which might be effected by greater attention to the garden.

The fact is, the farmer is better situated to have upon his table every luxury in the way of vegetables and small fruits, since he can produce them himself, than any other class of people, but in point of fact how few avail themselves of the advantages of this position.

What is more healthful than the rhubarb or pie-plant in its season, and yet how few gardens contain it! Who would deprive his family of celery, and yet how few gardens give it any place!

ONION SETS.—A cotemporary commenting upon the high price of onion sets, asks why the vegetable is not raised from the seed.

Soil and climate have much to do with the success or failure in raising any vegetation to perfection. The cabbage that can be grown in California almost as large round as a common sized well-hole, cannot in the East be produced bigger than a half bushel measure. The cauliflower that in England thrives with little care, and year after year from seed grown on the same spot, will not, with the best culture, produce more than two successive years from seed grown from the plant in Pennsylvania, and the market gardeners have therefore to import it every two years from England. Onions, too, are grown to full size from the seed in Old and New England, and the people there know of no other way of growing them; but in Pennsylvania, chiefly on account of the climate, you cannot produce them to full size from the seed larger than an old cent, in one year. For this reason gardeners have adopted the plan of raising what are termed "button onions," of the size of a nickel, from the seed one year, and by replanting them the next year obtain onions of as fine a quality and growth as can be obtained almost anywhere. There are numerous other vegetables which will grow well in some other States and not come to any perfection in others, such as the Cos Lettuce, &c.

SPICED BEEF.—Take a piece of beef from the fore quarter, weighing ten pounds. Those who like fat should select a fatty piece; those who prefer lean may take the shoulder clod, or upper part of the fore leg. Take one pint of salt, one teacup of molasses or brown sugar, one teaspoonful of brown cloves, allspice and pepper, and two tablespoons pulverized saltpeter. Place the beef in a small pan; rub with this mixture. Turn and rub each side twice a day for a week. Then wash off the spices; put in a pot of boiling water, add as often as it boils hard, turn in a teacupful of cold water. It must simmer for five hours on the back part of the stove. When cold, press under a heavy weight, and you will never desire to buy corned beef of the butcher again. Your pickle will do for another ten pounds of beef, first rubbing into it a handful of salt. It can be renewed and a piece kept in preparation every day. This has been used many years by the writer and is good to pickle tongues fresh from the market.

GRASS FOR HORSES.—Many persons think that horses that are kept in the stable all summer should not be allowed to eat grass. They think it will make the horse soft, wishy-washy, and it will throw him out of condition for hard work. This is particularly the case with some of the trainers of trotting and running horses. And horses that are kept up for farm and other work are refused grass because their drivers think they will not eat hay so well. This was formerly the case more than it is now. But these are all erroneous opinions and practices, and are giving way, gradually, to a more reasonable and natural system of feeding.

Grass is the natural food for the horse. It is cooling and healthful food. It keeps the bowels open and sharpens the appetite. It promotes digestion, and removes fever from the system. Therefore by all means, let the horse nip grass fifteen or twenty minutes daily. Whether training for trotting or running, it will be attended with the highest benefit. The horse will lose none of his speed by such a course of treatment. Horses that are kept up the year round for farm work should certainly be allowed a nice nibble at grass every day. They work hard, and all they get for it is something to eat. Let them have, then, what they all like so well.

For The Young Folks.

A Bear Story.

WE remember a very comical bear that belonged to Mr. Hammond, and amused with his tricks the mirth loving people of Paris, in Oxford county, many years ago. He was captured when a little cub, and was brought up by hand as one of the family. He claimed the warmest place on the hearth-stone, and nestled in cold weather with the dogs before the fire. None of the pet animals about the farm were tamer than he; and none loved better to climb up into his master's lap and receive his caress, or understood the whims of his mistress when begging for a choice morsel. His serious countenance always gave great effect to his antics; and he seemed to understand when he caused a laugh among the household. As he was of a prying disposition, and forever peeping into every hole, the family were obliged to lock up every thing, even the closets where they kept their clothing. When he took it into his head to make up a nest it was all the same to him whether the articles he heaped together were woollen or fur, cotton or silk. If a hen cackled when the egg was laid, Mr. Bear understood it as well as any of the family or the feathered tribe; and if he was not prevented, he would find it and suck it before the cackling fowl had ceased her song.

One Sunday the family went to church, and left the bear alone at home. Bruin improved the opportunity, and rummaged all over the house in search of fun or something to eat. Unfortunately, the good house-wife had left the cellar door unlocked and ajar; and it was not long before the bear discovered it and crept down the stairs. Once down in the cellar, he espied the molasses barrel; and if there was anything in the house he was excessively fond of, it was molasses or honey. Bruin pawed over the barrel, licked the tightly-driven bung, and was about abandoning it in despair, when he espied the spile. Grasping it with his strong teeth, he easily withdrew it, and out came the thick molasses in a steady stream, to the great delight of the bear, who clapped his mouth to the hole, and sucked away with grunts of self satisfaction.

The molasses still flowed, and still the bear kept his mouth to the orifice, pausing now and then to take a long breath. At length he was full; his stomach could hold no more; yet his appetite was not satisfied. He squatted on his haunches and viewed the still running stream with disgust, to think that the supply was so abundant, and that, alas! he could hold no more. The molasses had now run out in large quantity, and had formed a great pool on the floor; but Bruin dove into it, and rolled himself a thousand times in the thick fluid, until his shaggy coat was covered from his nose to his tail, with molasses, dirt, and gravel stones!

There he lay in the sweet pool, the picture of self-satisfaction, as cats roll and tumble in a field of the catnip herb. All at once Mr. Bear became sick at the stomach! and it was a new sensation to him—something he had never felt before. As he grew worse he thought of his master and mistress, and so crept up stairs to ask for their consolation; but they had not returned from church. Then he crawled up another story, and got into the girls' bed, drawing the snowy white sheets over his besmeared form. There he lay groaning and grunting, the sickest bear ever seen in that part of the country.

When the girls arrived they were horrified at the scene, and were going to lay the broomstick over Bruin, when he started on the run for the haymow with the sheets sticking to his back! It was some time before the bear got well, still longer before his mistress forgave him.

Our Boys and Girls.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NATIONAL
LIFE INSURANCE CO.
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF CONGRESS
APPROVED JULY 25, 1868,

CASH CAPITAL, - $1,000,000.
PAID IN FULL.

BRANCH OFFICE:
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,
PHILADELPHIA,

Where the general business of the Company is transacted, and to which all general correspondence should be addressed.

OFFICERS:
CLARENCE H. CLARK, President.
JAY COOKE, Chairman Finance and Executive Committee.
HENRY D. COOKE, Vice-President.
EMERSON W. PEET, Secretary and Actuary.

This Company offers the following advantages:
It is a National Company, Chartered by special act of Congress, 1868.
It has a paid-up capital of $1,000,000.
It offers low rates of premium.
It furnishes larger insurance than other companies for the same money.
It is definite and certain in its terms.
It is a home company in every locality.
Its policies are exempt from attachment;
There are no unnecessary restrictions in the policies.
Every policy is non-forfeitable.
Polices may be taken which pay to the insured their full amount, and return all the premiums, so that the insurance costs only the interest on the annual payments.
No extra rate is charged for risks upon the lives of females.
It insures, not to pay dividends to policy-holders, but at so low a cost that dividends will be impossible.
Circulars, Pamphlets and full particulars given on application to the Branch Office of the Company, or to

E. W. CLARK & CO., Philadelphia,
General Agents for Pennsylvania and Southern New Jersey.
JOEL E. BRADLEY, Bloomsburg Pa.,
Special Agent for Montour & Columbia Counties
Feb. 19,'69.-1yr.

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS.

Messrs. LAZARUS & MORRIS,
OPTICIANS & OCULISTS
HARTFORD, CONN.,

Have, with a view to meet the increased demand for their
CELEBRATED
PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

Appointed
Miss A. D. WEBB,
STATIONER,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

As their sole Agent for this place. They have taken care to give all needful instructions, and have confidence in the ability of their agents to meet the requirements of all customers. An opportunity will be thus afforded to procure, at all times
SPECTACLES UNEQUALLED BY ANY FOR THEIR STRENGTHENING AND PRESERVING QUALITIES,

Too much cannot be said as to their SUPERIORITY over the ordinary glasses worn. There is *no glimmering, wavering of the sight, dizziness,* or other unpleasant sensation, but on the contrary, from the peculiar construction of the Lenses they are *soothing and pleasant,* causing a feeling of relief to the wearer, and PRODUCING A CLEAR and DISTINCT VISION, as in the *natural healthy sight.* They are the only Spectacles that
PRESERVE AS WELL AS ASSIST THE SIGHT!
And are the CHEAPEST because the BEST, always lasting MANY YEARS without change being necessary.

—:O:—

CAUTION.
Miss A. D. WEBB,
STATIONER,
BLOOMSBURG PA.,
Is the ONLY Agent appointed in this place.
☞ WE EMPLOY NO PEDDLERS.
Feb. 19,'68.-1y.

WE HAVE NO
TRAVELING AGENTS
Farmers and Dealers who send their orders direct to us, can avail themselves of the
LOWEST PRICES
And *save the Commission.* Early orders will be advantageous to buyers.
ALLEN & NEEDLES.
MANUFACTURERS OF
IMPROVED
SUPER—PHOSPHATE OF LIME,
AND THE
AMMONIATED FERTILIZER.

PERUVIAN GUANO.
We sell only No. 1—received direct from the Government.
FISH GUANO.
A splendid Manure packed in barrels.

We also offer for sale PURE LAND PLASTER, HYDRAULIC CEMENT and a full assortment of OILS and Candles. A DISCOUNT TO DEALERS.
ALLEN & NEEDLES,
45 South Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia.
ESTABLISHED IN 1849.

For sale by THE BLOOMSBURG IRON CO.,
Feb. 19,'69-3m. BLOOMSBURG PA.

SNYDER, HARRIS & BASSETT,
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
Nos. 525 Market, and 522 Commerce Street,
Philadelphia.

GET THE BEST.
Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod is the best protection agst disaster by lightning ever invented. The subscriber is agent for the above invention, and all orders by mail or in person will be promptly attended to.
May 15,'68 E. B. BIDLEMAN.

DRY GOODS.

M. P. LUTZ
(Successor to A. J. Sloan) has just returned from New York with a full assortment of
DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS
to which he invites the attention of the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity. His stock consists in part of the following line of goods
SPRING AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS,
LADIES' SACKINGS,
SUMMER SHAWLS,
LADIES' HOSE, BLEACH & BROWN,
GENTS' HALF HOSE, BLEACH & BROWN,
LADIES' GLOVES SILK
AND LISLE THREAD,
KID GLOVES ALL COLORS,
HOOP SKIRTS & CORSETS,
A FULL LINE OF WHITE GOODS
TABLE DIAPERS
TOWELS
NAPKINS
CLOTHS,
AND CASIMERS,
FLANNELS.
DOMESTICS OF ALL KINDS,
and in fact everything generally kept in a Dry Goods Store. Call and examine the goods and satisfy yourselves, high prices is one of the things that have passed away.
EXCHANGE BUILDING OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE MAIN STREET BLOOMSBURG PA.
Apr.16,69-tf.

MILLER'S STORE.
FRESH ARRIVAL OF
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
The subscriber has just returned from the cities with another large and select assortment of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
purchased in New York and Philadelphia at the lowest figure, and which he is determined to sell on as moderate terms as can be procured else where in Bloomsburg. His stock comprises
LADIES' DRESS GOODS
of the choicest styles and latest fashions, together with a large assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, consisting of the following articles:

Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Shawls,
Flannels,
Silks,
White Goods,
Linens,
Hoop Skirts,
Muslins,
Hollowware
Cedarware
Hardware
Queensware,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps,
Hoop Nets,
Umbrellas,
Looking-Glasses,
Tobacco,
Coffee,
Sugars,
Teas,
Rice,
Allspice,
Ginger,
Cinnamon,
Nutmegs,

AND NOTIONS GEN RALLY.
In short, everything usually kept in country stores, to which he invites the attention of the public generally. The highest price will be paid for country produce in exchange for goods.
S. H. MILLER & SON.
Arcade Buildings, Bloomsburg, Pa.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES
AT PETER ENT'S STORE,
IN LIGHT STREET,
OF
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.
THE subscriber has just received and has on hand at his old stand in Light Street, a large and select
ASSORTMENT OF MERCHANDISE
purchased at the lowest figure, and which he determined to sell on as moderate terms as be procured elsewhere in Light Street.
FOR CASH OR COUNTRY PRODUCE.
His stock consists of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
choicest styles and latest fashions,
Calicoes, Muslins,
Ginghams, Flannels,
Hosiery, Carpets,
Silks, Shawls,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
Satinetts, Cassimers,
Cottonades, Kentucky Jeans.
&C., &C &C.
GROCERIES, MACKEREL,
Queensware, Cedarware, Hardware, Medicines, Drugs, Oils, Paints, &c.
BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS.
In short everything usually kept in a country store. The patronage of his old friends and the public generally, is respectfully solicited.
The highest market price paid for country produce. PETER ENT.
Light Street, Nov. 8 1867.

1115 HOOP SKIRTS. 1115
WM. T. HOPKINS
Has Removed his Manufactory and Salesrooms to No. 1115 CHESTNUT, ST. PHILADELPHIA, Where his "Own Make" of Champion Hoopskirts, especially adapted to First-class *Wholesale and Retail* Trade, will be found to embrace the most extensive assortment in the Union, and all the latest and most desirable Styles, Shapes, Lengths and Sizes, 2, 2½, 3, 3½, yards round, of Plain and Gored Fainers, Walking Skirts, Reception Trails, &c. &c. together with over ninety different varieties of Misses' and Children's skirts, all of which for symmetry of style, finish, lightness, elasticity, durability and *real Cheapness,* are unequaled by any other goods in the market, and are warranted in every respect. Skirts made to order, Altered and Repaired, Wholesale and Retail.
Full lines of Low Priced Eastern Made Skirts, 12 Springs, 35 Cents; 20 Springs, 45 Cents; 25 Springs, 55 Cents; 30 Springs, 65 Cents; and 40 Springs, 75 Cents.
CORSETS! CORSETS!! CORSETS!!! 57 different styles and prices, from 75 Cents to $7.00, embracing in Part the "Glove Fitting," Madam Foy's Corset Skirt Supporters, Mrs. Moody's Patent "Self-Adjusting Abdominal" Corsets, French, English and Domestic Handmade Corsets, and superior French Patterns of Coteil Corsets, "Our Own Make," to which we invite especial attention.
Complete assortment of Ladies' Under Garments, at very low prices.
GENERAL AGENT for the BARTHAM AND FANTON FAMILY SEWING MACHINES, superior to any other before the public. Fifty-two of these No. 1 Machines, Price $55 each, are being given away to our customers, in order to get them introduced. Every person in want of articles in our line, should examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere. Call or send for circulars, at our Manufactory and Salesrooms, No. 1115 Chestnut st., Philadelphia. WM. T. HOPKINS.
mar.26'69-3m.

SOMETHING NEW.
The undersigned begs leave to inform her friends and the public generally, that she has opened in
BLOOMSBURG,
a fresh stock
of goods in the line of
MILLINERY and TRIMMINGS
in connection with Dress Making; and is prepared in addition, to
COLOR STRAW HATS
on the shortest notice, and in the best style of the art. Prices cheap and work satisfactory.
MRS. E. KLINE.
Light Street, October 4, 1867.

TOBACCO & SEGARS.

H. W. RANK'S
WHOLESALE TOBACCO, SNUFF, AND CIGAR WAREHOUSE,
No. 146 North Third Street,
between Cherry and Race, west side,
Philadelphia.

WARTMAN & ENGELMAN,
TOBACCO, SNUFF & SEGAR MANUFACTORY,
NO. 313 NORTH THIRD STREET,
Second Door below Wood,
PHILADELPHIA.
J. W. WARTMAN P. ENGELMAN

RAIL ROADS.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.
On and after May 9th 1869, Trains will leave NORTHUMBERLAND as follows:
NORTHWARD.
7.25 A. M., Daily to Williamsport, (except Sunday) for Elmira, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Suspension Bridge, and N. Falls.
9.50 P. M., Daily, (except Sundays) for Elmira and Buffalo via Erie Railway from Elmira.
5.55 P. M., Daily, (except Sundays) for Williamsport.
TRAINS SOUTHWARD.
9.30 A. M. Daily (except Monday's) for Baltimore.
WILMINGTON AND PHILADELPHIA.
2.00 P. M. Daily (except Sunday's) for Baltimore Washington and Philadelphia.
ED. S. YOUNG,
General Passenger Agent.
ALFRED H. FISKE, Gen'l Supt.,

LACKAWANNA AND BLOOMSBURG RAILROAD
On and after Nov 30th, 1868, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

	Going North.		Going South.	
	Arrive p.m.	Arrive a.m.	Leave p.m.	Leave a.m.
Scranton	9.45	10.50	4.10	5.25
			Leave	
Pittston	9.10	10.15	4.47	5.55
Kingston	8.40	9.50	5.25	6.29
Plymouth	8.23	9.39	5.35	6.38
Shickshinny	7.57	9.09	6.09	7.19
Berwick	6.53	8.28	6.54	7.52
Bloom	6.05	7.50	7.38	8.29
Danville	5.20	7.12	8.20	9.01
	Leave	Leave	Arrive	Arrive
North'd	4.45	6.40	9.05	9.43

Connection made at Scranton by the 10.50 a.m., train for Great Bend, Binghamton, Albany and all points North, East and West.
D. T. BOUND, Sup't.

1869. 1869.
PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD.—
SUMMER TIME TABLE.
THROUGH AND DIRECT ROUTE BETWEEN PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, HARRISBURG, WILLIAMSPORT, AND THE
GREAT OIL REGION OF PENNSYLVANIA.
ELEGANT SLEEPING CARS
On all Night Trains.
On and after MONDAY, Apr. 26th 1869, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road will run as follows:
WESTWARD.
MAIL TRAIN leaves Philadelphia.....10.45 p.m.
" " " Northumberland..3.55 a.m.
" " arr. at Erie.....9.30 p.m.
ERIE EXPRESS leaves Philadelphia.....11.50 m.
" " " Nor'd.....8.50 p.m.
" " arr. at Erie.....10.00 a.m.
ELMIRA MAIL leaves Philadelphia.....8.00 a.m.
" " " Nor'd.....4.25 p.m.
" " arr. at Lock Haven.....7.45 p.m.
EASTWARD.
MAIL TRAIN leaves Erie.....11.15 a.m.
" " " North'd.....2.00 a.m.
" " arr. at Philadelphia.....6.25 a.m.
ERIE EXPRESS leaves Erie.....6.25 p.m.
" " " Nor'd.....10.50 a.m.
" " arr. at Philadelphia.....4.10 p.m.
Mail and Express connects with Oil Creek and Allegheny River Rail Road. Baggage checked through.
A. L. TYLER,
General Superintendent, Williamsport.

CATAWISSA RAILROAD—On and after MONDAY, Nov. 23, 1868, Passenger trains on the Catawissa Railroad will run at the following named hours:

Mail South.	STATIONS.	*Mail North*
Dep. 7.50 a.m	Williamsport.	Arr. 6.10 p.m.
" 8.20 "	Muncy.	Dep. 5.41 "
" 8.50 "	Watsontown.	" 5.12 "
" 9.10 "	Milton.	" 4.55 "
" 9.32 "	Danville.	" 4.40 "
" 10.12 "	Rupert.	" 3.55 "
" 10.25 "	Catawissa.	" 3.35 "
" 11.40 "	Ringtown.	" 2.28 "
" 12.20 p.m.	Summit.	" 1.50 "
" 12.45 "	Quakake.	" 1.40 "
" 1.00 "	E. Mahony June.	" 1.23 "
" 2.15 "	Dine. Tamaqua, Dine.	" 1.10 "
" 4.25 "	Reading.	10.40 a.m.
Arr. 6.45 "	Philadelphia.	" 8.15 "
" 10.50 "	{To New York via. Reading or Mauch Chunk. From New York via. Mauch Chunk.	" 7.00 "

No Change of cars between Williamsport and Philadelphia. GEO. WEBB Sup't.

1869. 1869.
READING RAILROAD.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT, Apr. 26th, 1869.
Great Trunk Line from the North and North-West for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Ashland, Shamokin Lebanon Allentown, Easton, Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.,
Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 2.55, 5.20 and 8.10 a. m., 12.35 noon and 2.00 & 10.35 p.m., connecting with similar trains on the Pa. Railroad, and arriving at New York at 9.45, a.m., & 11.45 a. m., & 3.50 6.45 & 9.30 p. m. and 6.00 a.m respectively. Sleeping cars accompany the 2.55 a. m., 5.20 a.m. and 10.35 p.m. trains without change.
Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Shamokin Pine Grove, Allentown & Philad. at 8.10 a.m., & 2.00 & 4.10 p.m., stopping at Lebanon and principal way stations; the 4.10 p.m. train making connections for Philadelphia and Columbia only. For Pottsville Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad, leave Harrisburg at 3.30 p.m. Returning: Leave New York at 9.00 a.m. and 12.00 m., and 5.00 and 8.00 p.m. Philadelphia at 8.15 a. m. and 3.30 p. m. Sleeping cars accompany the 9.00 a. m., and 5.00 and 8.00 p.m., trains from N. Y. without change. Way Passenger Train leaves Philadelphia at 7.30 a.m., connecting with similar train on East Pa. railroad returning from Reading at 6.30 p.m stopping at all stations; leave Pottsville at 7.30 & 8.45 a. m. and 3.45 p. m. Shamokin at 5.25 a. m., Ashland at 7.00a.m and 12.30 noon Tamaqua at 8.30 a. m., and 2.30 p.m., for Philadelphia, and New York.
Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 7.00 a.m. and 11.30 a. m., for Pine Grove and Tremont.
Reading Accommodation Train leaves Reading at 7.30 a.m., returning from Philadelphia at 5.15 p.m.
Pottstown Accommodation Train leaves Pottstown at 6.35 a m.., returning, leaves Philadelphia at 4.30 p.m.
Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7.00 a.m., and 6.15 p.m. for Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c., Connections.
Perkiomen Rail Road Trains leave Perkiomen Junction at 9.00 a.m., and 6.00 p. m. Returning: Leave Skippack at 8.15 a.m., and 1.00 p.m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.
On Sundays, leave New York at 6.00 p.m., Philadelphia 8.00 a.m. and 3.15 p.m., the 8.00 a.m. train running only to Reading; Pottsville 8.00 a.m.; Harrisburg 12.30 a.m. and 4.10 and 10.35 p.m., and Reading at 12.55 M and 2.45 and 7.15a.m. for Harrisburg, and 12.55 a.m., and 7.05 a.m. for New York, at 9.10 a.m. and 4.25 p.m. for Philadelphia.
Commutation, Mileage, Season, School and Excursion tickets to and from all points, at reduced rates.
Baggage checked through; 100 pounds allowed to each passenger.
G. A. NICOLLS,
General Superintendent.
Reading, Pa., Apr. 26, 1869.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA, & WESTERN RAILROAD.—Summer arrangement, Apr. 5, 1869. Trains leave as follows:

Accom.	Express	Mail	EASTWARD. STATIONS.	WESTWARD. Mail	Express	Accom.
P M	P.M.		Via M. & E. Divis.	A M.	P M	
			Ar New York. (Lv			
9 40	3.35		(*Foot Barclay St.*)	8.30	4 00	
9 40	3.35		Christopher St.	8.30	4 00	
9 25	3.20		Hoboken	8.45	4 15	
9 00	2.50		Newark	9.05	4 50	
6 15	12.10		Washington	11.50	7 05	
			via Cen. RR. of N.J.			
			New York			
9 30	2.40		(*Foot Liberty St*)	9.00	4 00	
7 15	12.30		New Hampton	11.15	6 50	
5 53	11.18		Oxford	11.48	7 29	
	11.35		Bridgeville	11.58		
	11.50		Hackettstown	12.20		
	2.22		Trenton	8.47		
7 00	1.00		Phillipsburg	11.08		
5 38	11.25		Manunka Chunk	12.02	6 35	
5 33	11.20		Delaware	12.07	7 50	
5 23	11.02		Mount Bethel	12.26	8 06	
5 11	10.47		Water Gap	12.39	8 18	
5 01	10.35		Stroudsburg	1.00	8 25	
	10.23		Spragueville	1.15		
4 41	10.13		Henryville	1.25	8 42	
4 28	9.56		Oakland	1.43	8 56	
	9.49		Forks	2.02		
3 55	9.30		Tobyhanna	2.21	9 28	
3 44	9.20		Gouldsboro	2.35	9 39	
3 25	8.45		Moscow	2.57	9 59	
P.M	8.15		Dunning	3.08	10.08	A.M.
2 56	8.04		Scranton	3.30	10.04	11.0
6.10	P M	7.58	Clark's Summit	4.12	P M	11.30
5.53		7.30	Abington	4.30		11.40
5.30		7.14	Factoryville	4.38		12.03
4.56		6.50	Nicholson	4.56		12.30
4.15		6.03	Hopbottom	5.18		12.55
3.45		5.40	Montrose	5.40		1.30
3.15		5.20	New Milford	6.00		2.03
2.50		5.00	Great Bend	6.20		2.35
P.M		A.M.		P.M.		P.M.

CONNECTIONS.
At New Hampton, with Central R. R. of New Jersey for New York, Elizabeth, Plainfield, Somerville, Easton, &c.
At Manunka Chunk, with Morris & Essex R. R., for New York, Newark, Morristown, Dover, Hackettstown, Easton, &c.
At Manunka Chunk, with Belvidere Delaware R. R. for Philadelphia, Trenton, Phillipsburg, Lambertsville, Phillipsburg.
At Scranton, with Lackawanna & Bloomsburg R. R., for Pittston, Wyoming, Kingston, Wilkesbarre, Danville, Northumberland, &c., also, with Delaware & Hudson R. R., for Olyphant, Archbald, and Carbondale.
At Great Bend, with Erie Railway, for Binghamton, Elmira, Buffalo, Ithaca, Syracuse, and the West. W. F. HALLSTEAD, Supt.
R. A. HENRY, Gen. Pass. and Tkt. Agent.

$2000 A YEAR.
With little labor, something entirely new for all those out of employment, astonishing results heard from, every day since discovered $5 to $10 per day made by every one who has yet taken hold of the business, open to all, no capital required. All those having any fear of being humbugged will oblige me by not noticing this; all others address me without delay. For particulars please enclose stamp for circular. Address Valentine Blank, New Bloomfield Perry Co., Pa. Nov. 27,'68-6m.*

SLATE ROOFING,
EVERY VARIETY
AT
MOST FAVORABLE RATES,
JOHN THOMAS, AND CASPER J. THOMAS.
Box. 277. BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Mar.19,'69.1yr.

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING neatly executed at THE COLUMBIAN Steam Printing Office.

GROCERIES, &c.,

CONFECTIONERY.
The undersigned would respectfully announce to the public that he has opened a
FIRST-CLASS CONFECTIONERY STORE,
in the building lately occupied by Fox & Webb where he is prepared to furnish all kinds of
PLAIN & FANCY CANDIES,
FRENCH CANDIES,
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS,
NUTS, RAISINS, &C., &C., &C.
BY WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.
In short, a full assortment of all goods in his line of business. A great variety of
DOLLS, TOYS, &c.,
suitable for the Holidays. Particular attention given to
BREAD AND CAKES,
of all kinds, fresh every day.
CHRISTMAS CANDIES,
CHISTMAS TOYS.
A call is solicited, and satisfaction will be guaranteed.
Nov. 23, 1867. ECKHART JACOBS.

REMOVAL OF
C. C. MARR'S
NEW STORE
TO SHIVE'S BLOCK,
ON THE CORNER OF MARKET AND IRON STREETS.
The undersigned having received from the city a full and complete supply of
SPRING AND SUMMER
DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,
NOTIONS,
TIN-WARE AND HARD-WARE,
CEDAR AND WILLOW-WARE,
CONFECTIONERY, GLASS-WARE,
TOBACCO,
HATS AND SHOES,
FLOUR, SALT, FISH, AND MEAT,
all of which I propose selling at a very low figure for cash or produce.
☞ Call and see.
April 12, 1867. C. C. MARR.

GRAND OPENING
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&c., &c. &c.,
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Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
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BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
IRON AND NAILS,
IRON AND NAILS,
IRON AND NAILS,
IRON AND NAILS,
IRON AND NAILS,
in large quantities and at reduced rates, always on hand.

NEW COAL YARD.
THE undersigned respectfully inform the citizens of Bloomsburg and Columbia county, that they keep all the different numb